



**Semi-Annual Report**  
**2025**

**Violations of the Israeli Occupation State and Colonizers  
in the Occupied Palestinian Territories**

**July 2025**





**Colonization & Wall  
Resistance Commission(CWRC)**

**Violations of the Israeli Occupation State and Colonizers  
in the Occupied Palestinian Territories**

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Ramallah 2025

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## **Foreword by the Head of the Commission**

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Over the past six months, the occupation state has, in every sense of the word, raced against time to devour Palestinian geography, not only by establishing colonial outposts, expanding colonies, issuing military orders, or the systematic attacks on citizens in the villages, towns, and Bedouin communities, through siege and strangulation. Rather, it has raced against time with the unprecedented amount of governmental decisions and legislations that target the essence of the Palestinian geography. This places us, as a government, people, institutions, councils, and factions, face to face with the most dangerous phase of the Palestinian cause with regards to the dispossession, annexation, and imposition of sovereignty.

It is important to note that these colonial measures do not only target the people and the geography, they also target the very essence of the Palestinian national identity, like the Palestinian flag, the Palestinian individual, the Palestinian symbol, and the Palestinian existence itself, which was cemented by the martyrs, the wounded, and the detainees, and by the Palestinian people staying steadfast on their land, in all its spiritual, physical, and sentimental, and moral implications.

The occupation government, as it commits this crime, protected by the colonial powers of the world that turn a blind eye to the injustice and terrors against our people, faces people who do not believe in these calculations. A people driven by the indigenous roots planted in their land and by their belief in the certainty of getting their land back, no matter how long it takes. This is our fundamental principle in all that we do and the highest driving force behind the ongoing national effort on all levels.

The Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission, on the instructions from the President Mahmoud Abbas and directives from the Prime Minister, and in cooperation from our national partners, has followed up on all levels according to

our strategic programs, whether those related to legal follow-up, those related to supporting steadfastness, or those related to documenting violations and coordination of the efforts of popular resistance across all locations. These efforts have contributed to the emergence of outstanding models in towns such as Kafr Malik, Sinjil, Al-Mughayyir, Beita, Al-Mazra'a Al-Sharqiya, and others.

Today, we renew our plea to all Palestinians—factions, popular unions, syndicates, and the masses— to join forces under a national strategy to protect the land and national resources. This strategy looks only to Palestine, concerns itself only with Palestine, and views the occupation's actions with a sense of national responsibility, free from self-interest and spiteful rivalries.

The desired national strategy must, first, mobilize national and popular capabilities in its favor, and second, be characterized by creativity and thinking outside the box of familiarity and previously used tools, by developing new tools that are compatible with the stage and adapt to its challenges. The current stage brings the old-new demand back to the forefront, which is the necessity and quality of real and immediate international protection that protects the Palestinian people and protects their national capabilities in the face of the brutality of the occupation.

The national principle, proven throughout all stages of modern national history, remains valid across times and places: the Palestinian people, despite all circumstances, are the guarantor and capable of thwarting the occupation's schemes. Therefore, any national intervention must stem from the strength and resilience of the people, by strengthening their steadfastness, standing by their side, and formulating national policies that protect them and their rights. This is the secret point and the sure guarantee for the next stage.

**Mu'ayyad Sha'ban**

**Head of the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission**

**Representations of Colonial Measures on Palestinian Lands in the First Half of 2025**

	<b>Colonial Indicator\ Procedure</b>	<b>Result</b>
.1	The number of Israeli colonizers in the lands of the West Bank and Jerusalem	770,420 thousand colonizers
.2	Number of Israeli colonies	180 colonizers
.3	Number of colonial outposts	300 colonial outpost
.4	√Number of agricultural outposts out of the total number of colonial outposts	159 colonial outposts
.5	Area of land controlled by agricultural outposts (spatial approach)	488 thousand dunums
.6	Number of outposts established in the first half of 2025	23 colonial outposts
.7	Area of land seized by the occupation authorities in the first half of 2025	1362 dunums
.8	Number of demolished facilities by the occupation authorities in the first half of 2025	588 facilities
.9	Number of demolition notifications monitored by the commission in the first half of 2025	556 notifications
.10	Number of colonial organizational plans studied for the West Bank colonies	124 plans
.11	Number of colonial organizational plans studied for the Jerusalem colonies	41 plans
.12	<b>The total area of land subject to Israeli occupation colonial measures</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- This area does not include lands planned to be isolated by the Annexation and Expansion Wall</li> <li>- This area constitutes 69% of the total areas classified (C)</li> </ul>	<b>2400 km<sup>2</sup></b>
.13	Number of Palestinian martyrs at the hands of the occupation army in the first half of 2025	170 martyrs
.14	Number of Palestinian martyrs at the hands of the colonizers in the first half of 2025	4 martyrs
.15	The number of trees uprooted by the occupation or subjected to colonizers' attacks	12067 trees

.16	Number of schools threatened with complete or partial demolition	39 schools
.17	The area of Palestinian land cultivated by Jewish colonizers	121 thousand dunums
.18	Number of service, industrial and other colonial sites	52 sites
.19	Number of military sites in the Palestinian territories	94 sites
.20	Number of military colleges	40 colleges
.21	Number of permanent and temporary checkpoints (gates, military, or earthen barriers)	898 checkpoints and gates
.22	The length of the Annexation and Expansion Wall if construction is completed	714 km
.23	The completed part of the Annexation and Expansion Wall	489 km
.24	The planned part of the Annexation and Expansion Wall	225 km
.25	The area of land that the Wall will isolate from the West Bank if construction is completed	560 km <sup>2</sup>
.26	The lands are currently completely isolated due to the Wall	295 km <sup>2</sup>

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**Chapter One: Measures of the Israeli Occupation State to Support Colonialism**

A: Laws and Bills Proposed to the Israeli Occupation's Knesset in the First Half of 2025

B: Financial Incentives and Facilities Provided to Colonies and Colonizers in the First Half of 2025

C: Attitudes and Racist Statements by Prominent Characters in the Israeli Occupation State

## A: Laws and Bills Proposed to the Israeli Occupation's Knesset in the First Half of 2025

In this part of the report, we review the most prominent of the laws and bills that were studied in the occupation's Knesset. Considering the nature of these laws, their hostile and racist nature can be inferred, through which the legislative bodies in the occupying state seek to entrench a system of oppression against Palestinians or to perpetuate the racial segregation and apartheid imposed on them. Recently, the Knesset is exploiting the state of emergency imposed by the occupation government to create a new reality that cannot be reversed according to the Israeli description.

An example of such laws is the bill submitted to eliminate restrictions on purchasing real estate in the West Bank. This law revokes the prohibition on selling lands in the West Bank through the annulment of the Jordanian Law (Law No. 40 of 1953) titled "Law on the Rent and Sale of Immovable Property to Foreigners" under the description of "State Land", where its affairs are managed by the Israeli occupation government, so that it can be sold, not just leased, with the intention of selling it to colonizers.

The second bill mandates the use of the term "Judea and Samaria" to refer to the West Bank. This bill imposes on all Israeli laws, official correspondence, and records to refer to the West Bank as "Judea and Samaria. For over 15 years, more or less, the name "West Bank" was replaced in all Israeli legislations and official records, including military ones, with "The areas". Before that, the term used was "Administrated Territories". Let alone all the other laws that are no less dangerous, such as imposing sovereignty over the West Bank, imposing penalties on Palestinian citizens, and restricting the work of the PA in Jerusalem and within the Green Line.

Taking a quick glance at the set of laws discussed in the Knesset, we can understand the mentality of the occupation and the limits it wants to reach regarding the annexation and control over Palestinian lands, all in plain sight of the world.

Bill	Discussion date	Reference no	Stage	Justifications for the Law
A bill to abolish discrimination in purchasing real estate in the West Bank.	January 29, 2025	25/3468/ב	Preliminary	The law cancels the ban on selling land in the West Bank by abolishing the Jordanian law (Law No. 40 of 1953, "Law on Lease and Sale of Immovable Property to Foreigners"). These lands, now referred to as "State Lands," are managed by the Israeli occupation government, making it possible to sell them, not just lease them, with the intent of selling them to colonizers.
A law that imposes a 5-year prison sentence on anyone who "denies or praises October 7, 2023."	January 21, 2025	4067 /25 / ב	Final	A law that imposes a 5-year prison sentence on anyone who praises or denies the occurrence of the "massacre" on October 7, 2023, in the Gaza Strip area.
A bill that imposes a hefty fine on anyone who labels an Israeli person or entity as a war criminal.	January 13, 2025	5359 /25 / ב		The bill allows the court to impose a fine of up to half a million shekels (approximately 136,000 dollars at the time the bill was presented) on anyone who labels an Israeli person or entity as committing a war crime or calls them a war criminal, without the plaintiff proving the harm they have suffered.
Two other bills to deduct funds from the withheld Palestinian tax revenues in favor of insurance	February 14, 2025	/ב 5538 /25 / ב 5555 /25	Deposit	A law that grants the Israeli government the authority to deduct from the withheld Palestinian tax revenues amounts paid by Israeli insurance companies as compensation for stolen cars under the claim that the "perpetrators" are

companies for stolen cars				Palestinians from the occupied West Bank.
Bill imposing the use of "Judea and Samaria" instead of other terms for the West Bank in all laws	February 24, 2025	5535 /25 /5	Deposit	A law that requires Israeli laws, official correspondence, and records to use the term "Judea and Samaria" instead of the West Bank. For over 15 years, according to estimates, the term "West Bank" has been replaced in Israeli legislation and official records, including military ones, with the term "Area," and prior to that, the term "Administered Territories" was used.
Bill tightening the ban on activities of the Palestinian Authority, PLO, and Fatah in "areas under Israeli sovereignty"	February 19, 2025	5011 /25 /5	Preliminary	A bill that further restricts the prohibition of activities by the Palestinian National Authority, the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO), and the Fatah movement in areas under so-called "Israeli sovereignty," referring specifically to occupied East Jerusalem and the towns and refugee camps annexed to it after the 1967 occupation.
Bill prohibiting any Israeli official or private entity from providing evidence to the International Court against Israel	February 19, 2025	4711 /25 /5	Preliminary	A bill prohibiting any Israeli official entity, civil organization, association, or individual citizen from providing evidence or legal assistance to the International Criminal Court (ICC) against any Israeli person or any state or entity allied with Israel regarding any action taken or any failure in performing a duty.
Bill expanding the definition of a Palestinian resistance fighter's family member to prevent entry permits to Israel	February 19, 2025	5507 /25 /5	Preliminary	A bill expanding the definition of "family member" of a person convicted of "terrorism," according to the Israeli concept and definition of "terrorism," to include those who will be prohibited from obtaining an entry or temporary residence permit in Israel, under the authority of the Interior Minister.
Bill encouraging Palestinians to emigrate from Gaza in exchange for	February 3, 2025	5451 /25 /5	Deposit	A bill encouraging Palestinians in Gaza to leave the Gaza Strip in exchange for a financial support package, determined by the Israeli

financial compensation				Finance Minister. The law also specifies that an individual can take their minor child with them.
Bill implicitly prohibiting Palestinian activities in (Al-Aqsa Mosque )	February 3, 2025	5462 /25 /5	Deposit	A bill that penalizes anyone who conducts excavations or makes alterations to existing structures in Al-Aqsa Mosque (Al-Haram Al-Sharif) without obtaining a license and approval from the Israeli Antiquities Authority.
Two bills to deduct funds from the withheld Palestinian tax revenues in favor of insurance companies over car thefts.	March 19, 2025	/ 25/ 5219 5 / 25/ 55559	Preliminary	The law grants the Israeli government the authority to deduct from the withheld Palestinian tax revenues amounts paid by Israeli insurance companies as compensation for "car thefts," on the pretext that the "perpetrators" are Palestinians from the occupied West Bank..
A bill aimed at easing and/or lifting existing restrictions on demolition orders of homes belonging to Palestinian resistance fighters.	March 19, 2025	/ 25/ 52159	Preliminary	A bill aimed to ease and/or lift existing restrictions on the demolition orders of homes belonging to Palestinian resistance fighters. One of the key provisions of the bill stipulates that if the person is single or lives in part of the house, the entire home should be demolished rather than partially.  The law also states that the affected family may appeal to the administrative court instead of the Supreme Court or the central court, as is currently the case, without any mention of the right to appeal the court's decision.
A bill to toughen penalties on Palestinians who enter Israel without permits.	March 19, 2025	/ 25/ 56069	Preliminary	According to the wording of the law, the penalty for entering without a permit is four years in prison, with a minimum sentence of one year. If the offense is repeated a second time, the minimum sentence is two years, and for a third offense, the minimum penalty is three years.

A bill that prohibits monitoring and documenting the actions of Israeli soldiers and others in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.	March 17, 2025	/ 25/ 56439	Deposit	The bill includes a clear provision prohibiting the documentation of the actions of the occupying army. Anyone who violates this will face a prison sentence of 3 years. If the person hands over the information and documentation they have about the soldiers to a foreign entity, especially a foreign judicial body, the sentence will increase to 10 years in prison. Another section of the law targets centers and organizations, particularly human rights centers. Among the penalties imposed on them are the revocation of their operating license, labeling them as "hostile entities," and imposing a 50% tax on the donations they receive.
Bill to impose "Israeli sovereignty" over the entire occupied West Bank.	March 17, 2025	/ 25/ 56369	Deposit	A bill that imposes what is called "Israeli sovereignty" over the entire occupied West Bank.
A bill to impose "Israeli sovereignty" over the colonies in the West Bank.	March 10, 2025	/ 25/ 56129	Deposit	A bill that imposes what is called "Israeli sovereignty" over all colonies in the occupied West Bank.
A bill that prohibits the employment of released prisoners in Israel.	March 10, 2025	/ 25/ 56039	Deposit	Likud MK Nissim Fatouri presented a bill that bans the employment of released prisoners in Israel.
A bill to annul the Oslo Agreements and the Wye River Memorandum.	March 17, 2025	/ 25/ 56419	Deposit	Bill to annul the Oslo Agreement, all related agreements, and also the Wye River (Hebron) Memorandum.
A bill to toughen penalties on those who transport Palestinians from the West Bank without permits.	March 10, 2025	/ 25/ 56139	Deposit	Likud MK Kiti Shatrit presented a bill to toughen penalties on any driver who transports Palestinians from the occupied West Bank without entry permits to Israel. The minimum penalty for this offense

				will be a quarter of the penalty specified by law, and the second provision of the bill mandates doubling the current penalty before the law was amended.
A bill to prevent the employment of Palestinians from the West Bank in Israel.	March 17, 2025	/ 25/ 56429	Deposit	Knesset member Itamar Ben Gvir, from the "Jewish Power" bloc, along with 4 members of his faction, presented a bill to prevent issuing work permits in Israel for all Palestinians from the occupied West Bank.
Three bills to impose a minimum penalty for stone-throwing.	March 12, 2025	/ 25/ 19869 / 25/ 33299 / 25/ 35689	Preliminary	The law sets a maximum sentence, which can reach up to 20 years in certain cases, under specific conditions. The bill calls for imposing 20% of the maximum penalty set by law on the person throwing stones or their guardian, if the individual is a child under the age of 12, according to the law in effect since the end of 2015.
Extension of the temporary law preventing the family reunification of Palestinian families for an additional year.	March 10, 2025			The extension of the law applies to thousands of Palestinian families in Israel, where one of the parents is from the West Bank, Gaza Strip, as well as Lebanon, Syria, Iraq, and Iran, as specified by the law. This law prevents family reunification and includes certain exceptions.
A bill allowing universities to impose stricter restrictions on freedoms.	March 5, 2025	/ 25/ 23689	First	A bill allowing universities to impose stricter restrictions on freedoms than currently exist. According to the text voted on by members of the coalition and the Zionist opposition, universities will have the right to ban a partisan student organization or a recognized student body within the university, according to its internal regulations, if the organization engages in activities prohibited by law, including expressing solidarity with a "terrorist organization," as defined

				in the so-called "Anti-Terrorism" law passed in 2016.
A bill to encourage Palestinians to migrate from the occupied West Bank.	March 3, 2025	/ 25/ 5572	Deposit	Bill introducing measures to encourage Palestinians to migrate from the occupied West Bank: a financial support package determined by the Israeli Minister of Finance. The law also specifies that the individual can bring their minor child with them. This bill is similar to one proposed by the same parliamentary bloc regarding the displacement of Gaza.
A bill to revoke the citizenship or Israeli residency status of anyone permanently residing in the Gaza Strip.	March 3, 2025	/ 25/ 5573	Deposit	A bill allowing the Israeli Minister of Interior to revoke the citizenship or Israeli residency card of anyone who permanently resides in the Gaza Strip. This law affects the children of families with one parent from Gaza, either from the 1948 areas or occupied Jerusalem, but it could also impact released Jerusalemite prisoners, with deportation to the Gaza Strip.
A bill to apply all Israeli laws to the West Bank by converting them into "military orders."	March 3, 2025	/ 25/ 5567	Deposit	A bill to apply all laws enacted by the Knesset to the occupied West Bank, after being converted into a "military order" signed by the military commander of the region.
Bill to apply all "planning and construction" laws to the occupied West Bank.	March 3, 2025	/ 25/ 5565	Deposit	Bill to apply all Israeli "planning and construction" laws, including property laws, to all areas of the occupied West Bank.
Bill to prohibit the transfer of all tax revenues to the Palestinian Authority.	March 3, 2025	/ 25/ 5575	Deposit	A ban on transferring all Palestinian tax revenues collected by Israel to the Palestinian Authority, with the condition that after two years of withholding, any amount of money becomes freely available for the Israeli government to use.

Another bill to impose "Israeli sovereignty" over all parts of the occupied West Bank.	March 31, 2025	/ 25/ 5760	Deposit	A bill stipulating the imposition of so-called "Israeli sovereignty" over all parts of the occupied West Bank, which the bill refers to as "Judea and Samaria." The bill is identical to several other bills submitted during the current parliamentary term.
Another bill that encourages Palestinians to emigrate from the Gaza Strip in exchange for money.	May 5, 2025	5766 /25 /	Deposit	A bill encourages Palestinians in the Gaza Strip to leave the territory in exchange for a financial support package determined by the Israeli Minister of Finance. The bill also includes provisions allowing individuals to take their minor children with them. This is identical to another bill, numbered 5451, previously submitted by Itamar Ben Gvir during a period when he was outside the government, along with members of his parliamentary bloc. Primary sponsor: Avi Maoz.
A bill to classify arson as a terrorist offense.	May 19, 2025	5830 /25 /	Deposit	A bill stipulating the inclusion of the crime of large-scale arson among the offenses listed in Israel's "Counter-Terrorism Law."
A bill to disqualify medical degrees issued by universities in hostile countries and the Palestinian Authority.	May 19, 2025	5824 /25 /	Deposit	MK Yitzhak Kroizer, from the "Jewish Power" (Otzma Yehudit) party led by Itamar Ben Gvir, submitted a bill stipulating that medical degrees issued by universities in countries deemed hostile by Israel, as well as universities located in areas under the Palestinian National Authority, will not be recognized.
A bill requiring the ministry in charge of the Prison Authority to publish on its website the photo and details of every Palestinian prisoner released	May 27, 2025	5865 /25 /	Deposit	MK Limor Son Har-Melech, from the "Jewish Power" (Otzma Yehudit) party, along with 19 other members of the ruling coalition, submitted a bill requiring the ministry responsible for the Prison Authority to publish on its website the photo and details of every Palestinian prisoner released after

after serving their sentence.			<p>serving their sentence—not only those released as part of a prisoner exchange deal, but in general. The explanation of the law states that it aims to inform the public about these prisoners and the potential risks they may pose, according to the text. It can be said that the bill, which is the third of its kind in the current parliamentary term, seeks to place released prisoners in a position where they are targeted by colonizers and Israelis in general.</p>
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**B: Financial Incentives and Facilities Provided to Colonies and Colonizers in the First Half of 2025**

The monitoring the intensives and facilities provided to colonies and colonizers under the Netanyahu-Ben Gvir-Smotritch government must be seen as a part of a bigger effort to monitor all the actions of this government. In addition to the crimes it commits in the Gaza Strip, this government has raised one slogan since its formation: colonization in Palestinian territories, asserting control over them, and denying Palestinians access to them, eventually extinguishing any possibility of a Palestinian State in the future. Examining the financial and legislative incentives that are provided to promote settler-colonialism, the facilities provided, the public calls for colonialism, and the initiatives to settle the outposts, are merely a continuation of what this government has been doing and continues to do across the past one and a half years, considering the formation of this current government back in 2023 was a continuous form of catastrophe in itself and was not a “zero point” in Israeli policy detached from its predecessors. This government builds on what the previous governments have, however, they are doing it at a faster pace with unprecedented intensity. What sets this government apart is not just how far it is willing to go, but how openly it embraces, promotes, and institutionalizes settler-colonialism—in word and in deed.

Through this part of the report, we attempt to monitor the allocation of intensives and the methodology of facilitations approved by the occupation government in the first half of 2025, through a group of different axes. This aims to explore the true nature of the environment that fosters settler-colonialism within its executive framework.

Within this framework, the occupation government doubled its efforts in the first half of 2025 to provide financial incentives and political privileges in favor of the West Bank colonies. Considering the budgets overlap between years, and the upward

trend in financial allocations for the benefit of the colonies, whether for ministries or institutions directly linked to them, allows us to limit what has been allocated within the general framework announced as clear financial allocations:

### 1. The Settlement Ministry Budget

- A 302 million NIS increase to the Settlement Ministry budget against the backdrop of a government decision<sup>1</sup>.
- Special allocations for colonies and colonial neighborhoods amounting to 409 million NIS, are allocated for archaeological restoration work, transferring projects such as the "Shalem Plan," and completing the "Old City Basin Plan" in occupied East Jerusalem.

### 2. Infrastructure Projects

- NIS 7 billion is allocated to a five-year plan (2023–2027) to build roads connecting colonies, as agreed upon between the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Transportation.
- An additional NIS 3.6 billion is authorized for the completion and implementation of intercity roads serving colonies in the West Bank<sup>2</sup>.

### 3. Direct Additional Support and Quota Allocations

- USD 70–73 million (≈ NIS 268 million) were transferred in 2025 to the Settlement Ministry, headed by the far-right Minister, Orit Strock, as part of the government budget, despite overall cuts.
- An additional budget of NIS 700 million for colonies within the 2023–2024 budget covers support areas such as:
  - Education, playgrounds, and new communities
  - Security support, farms (pastoral outposts), and cultural projects

<sup>1</sup> [https://peacenow.org.il/en/the-year-of-annexation-and-expulsion-summary-of-settlement-activity-in-2024?utm\\_source=chatgpt.com](https://peacenow.org.il/en/the-year-of-annexation-and-expulsion-summary-of-settlement-activity-in-2024?utm_source=chatgpt.com)

<sup>2</sup> [nbprs.ps](https://nbprs.ps).

- Grants to encourage immigration and the settlement of new colonizers<sup>3</sup>.
- This includes NIS 95 million to the Settlement Division, NIS 50 million to promote population expansion, and NIS 28 million for remote colonies.<sup>4</sup>

### 4. Funding for "Young Colonies" and Farms (Pastoral Colonial Outposts)

- NIS 75 million allocated for 2024 for security and infrastructure purposes for "young colonies" (referring to pastoral outposts) and illegal farms. This item highlights two key issues: first, the official sponsorship of colonizer behavior, as these outposts and farms serve as launching points for terrorist attacks against villages, towns, and Bedouin communities; and second, the declared functional exchange happening these days (editor's note).
- There is also an increase in direct agricultural support for farms in West Bank colonies through grants and aid programs announced by Finance Minister Bezalel Smotrich at the end of May 2024

### 5. Bonuses for "Land Patrols" and Monitoring Palestinians. These patrols are responsible for monitoring Palestinian construction and inciting its demolition.

- NIS 35 million were allocated to land patrols inside colonies, covering personnel, vehicles, drones, and surveillance equipment to track Palestinian expansion.

### 6. Government Decisions and Official Transfers

<sup>3</sup> [https://peacenow.org.il/en/funding-annexation-additional-700-million-nis-earmarked-for-settlements-in-2023-2024?utm\\_source=chatgpt.com](https://peacenow.org.il/en/funding-annexation-additional-700-million-nis-earmarked-for-settlements-in-2023-2024?utm_source=chatgpt.com)

<sup>4</sup> [https://peacenow.org.il/en/funding-annexation-additional-700-million-nis-earmarked-for-settlements-in-2023-2024?utm\\_source=chatgpt.com](https://peacenow.org.il/en/funding-annexation-additional-700-million-nis-earmarked-for-settlements-in-2023-2024?utm_source=chatgpt.com)

- A covert government decision allocated an additional NIS 200 million for projects managed by the “Settlement Division” between 2023–2027 (source: peacenow.org.il).
- An order by the occupation’s Finance Minister, Bezalel Smotrich, approved the transfer of budgets for security, new hospitals, youth centers, and educational projects in the West Bank, totaling around NIS 1 billion.
- Transfers under the “Economic Arrangements Law,” passed in October 2024, included the establishment of power stations, transportation networks, and solar energy systems in the West Bank—requiring a larger budget than in previous years.

The following table outlines the financial allocation announcements based on the approved budgets and their analysis

Item	Estimated Allocation (2024–2025)
Road projects	7 + 3.6 billion NIS
Settlement Ministry	+302 million NIS
Special projects and archaeological colonies	409 million NIS
Direct support/Quota	700 million NIS
Settlement Ministry 2025	268 million NIS
Support for "young colonies"	75 million NIS
Ground patrols	35 million NIS
Security, education, and health projects	~1 billion NIS

**In summary:** This means that total funding for colonial activities in the West Bank has reached several billion shekels annually, with varying allocations between 2024 and 2025. This does not include Israel's general security budgets, those for colonizers, or the budgets of other ministries that support settler-colonial activities.

### C: Attitudes and Racist Statements by Prominent Characters in the Israeli Occupation State

These days, leaders of the Israeli occupation have started making their racist statements unabashedly, revealing their superiority complexes and racist stances. In this section of the report, we quickly review the most prominent statements.

- **On January 2, 2025**, the Israeli occupation’s representative to the United Nations, Danny Danon, posted on the X platform: “It was time to dismantle UNRWA.”<sup>1</sup>
- **January 6, 2025**, Smotrich stated on his X platform account: "cities like Al-Funduq (east of Qalqilia), Nablus, and Jenin should become like Jabaliya"<sup>2</sup>. On January 6, 2025, on the same platform, he wrote: “We will cancel Oslo and dismantle the Palestinian Authority”<sup>3</sup>. On a similar note, Religious Zionism MK, Tzvi Sukkot, stated on **January 22, 2025**: "Jenin is like Jabaliya; it is time for Jenin."<sup>10</sup> He added on **January 14, 2025**, “This morning, the only way to bring back all the hostages is: 1. Remove humanitarian aid, 2. Implement the generals' plan despite the opposition from the military prosecution, 3. Annex the land every day that the hostages are not returned.”<sup>8</sup>
- **January 6, 2025**, Likud MK, Dan Ilouz, said: "I visited the town of al-Funduq with the head of the Kedumim Council, Oziel Fatik. This is a bloody, deadly road. We need an alternative road, and we need it now." In another statement on **January 28, 2025**, Danny Danon formally informed members of the Security Council that within 48 hours, Israeli occupation would end its cooperation with UNRWA. "UNRWA must stop its activities in Israel and evacuate all its facilities in Jerusalem."<sup>11</sup>

- **On January 6, 2025**, Israel's Minister of Energy, Eli Cohen, stated that cities like Jenin and Nablus should be treated the same way as Shujaiya and Beit Hanoun<sup>5</sup>. **On January 7, 2025**, during his visit to the Beit El colony, north of Ramallah, he stated: "I came to Beit El to strengthen colonization, and we will continue to build and develop the land of our ancestors."<sup>6</sup>
- **On January 8, 2025**, Dan Ilouz said: "UNRWA is in panic—its days enabling terrorism in Israel are numbered. [...] UNRWA is not a humanitarian organization, it is a front for terrorism”.
- **On February 2, 2025**: Far-right Israeli Foreign Minister Avigdor Lieberman stated: "I want to support former U.S. President Trump's proposal regarding an initiative to relocate Gaza residents to Sinai and transfer responsibility for Gaza to Egypt."<sup>5</sup> He added on February 6, 2025, "I fully support the idea of the inevitable evacuation of at least half of the population of the Gaza Strip to the Sinai Peninsula - this is the appropriate place."
- **February 4, 2025**: Israeli MK Tzvi Sukkot stated: "Trump understands what we have been shouting about non-stop: it's either us or them—there is no other option."<sup>6</sup> Israeli Finance Minister Bezalel Smotrich, from the same party, stated on **February 6, 2025**, "Gaza residents have nothing to look for in Gaza over the next decade."<sup>7</sup> In the same context on **February 6, 2025**, Likud Party MP Yoav

Kisch stated on the same platform, "Gaza is a dangerous area, and living there should be prohibited."<sup>8</sup> **On February 6, 2025**: Minister Israel Katz stated, "A large number of Gaza residents can be allowed to leave for different places around the world."<sup>9</sup> and **on February 6, 2025**, he added, "The Defense Minister directs the Israel Defense Forces to prepare a plan to provide Gaza residents with the possibility of leaving<sup>10</sup>."

- <sup>11</sup> **On February 7, 2025**, Israeli Communications Minister Shlomo Karhi stated: "The response should be exactly as President Trump suggested: a complete halt to humanitarian aid, cutting off electricity, water, and communications, and using harsh and disproportionate force until the hostages return. At the same time, Gaza must be cleared. The migration program must begin immediately. It's time to open the gates of hell—this time, without any restrictions on our heroic fighters."<sup>12</sup>
- **February 13, 2025**: According to the Nahala movement, a colonial organization, "The Israeli government must take a bold step to invade and settle the Gaza Strip."<sup>13</sup>

<sup>8</sup> Person (no date) השר קיש תומך בתוכנית טראמפ: יש לרעיון הזה ישימות - יש שאלות של איך עושים את זה Available at: <https://www.inn.co.il/flash/1038270> (Accessed: 26 February 2025) .

<sup>9</sup> שר הביטחון ישראל כ"ץ הנחה את צה"ל להכין תוכנית למתן אפשרות ליציאה מרצון לתושבי עזה. 7. ערוץ 7. (2025, February 6). Available at: <https://www.inn.co.il/news/660687>

<sup>10</sup> Katz, Yisrael. (2025b). *Statement on a plan to enable Gaza residents to leave*. Published via the Knesset Channel – YouTube, 6 February. Available at: <https://youtube.com/watch?v=IsraelKatzStatement2> (Accessed: 1 July 2025).

<sup>11</sup> Liberman, Avigdor. (2025b). *Statement via the "X" platform and YouTube – Knesset Channel*, 6 February. Available at: <https://x.com/AvigdorLieberman/status/192940000000000008> (Accessed: 1 July 2025).

<sup>12</sup> (No date b) X.com. Available at: <https://x.com/bezalelsm/status/1879408545319289239> (Accessed: 26 February 2025).

<sup>13</sup> נחלה-תנועה להתיישבות (no date) Facebook. Available at: <https://www.facebook.com/share/p/15xk85EuuH/> (Accessed: 26 February 2025).

<sup>5</sup> Arutz Sheva (2025) *Lieberman supports Trump's proposal: 'The real solution for the Gaza Strip lies in Egypt and Sinai'*, Arutz Sheva. Available at: <https://www.inn.co.il/news/660431> (Accessed: 26 February 2025).

<sup>6</sup> (No date) X.com. Available at: <https://x.com/tzvisuccot/status/1856998585511858608> (Accessed: 26 February 2025).

<sup>7</sup> (No date) X.com. Available at: <https://x.com/bezalelsm/status/1879408545319289239> (Accessed: 26 February 2025).

- **March 3, 2025:** Israeli occupation MK Dan Ilouz stated on X, “UNRWA is not a relief organization; it is an organization that perpetuates terrorism and should not be left untouched — it must be dismantled.<sup>14</sup>”
- **March 3, 2025:** MK Zvi Suktot from the Religious Zionism party said, “It’s time to return to Joseph’s Tomb — not like thieves in the night.<sup>15</sup>”
- **March 3, 2025:** Israeli so-called “National Security Minister” Itamar Ben Gvir tweeted on X, “The government must order the bombing of the massive aid stockpiles that have accumulated in Gaza during and before the ceasefire, along with a complete halt to electricity and water.<sup>16</sup>”
- **March 2, 2025:** Israeli so-called “National Security Minister” Itamar Ben Gvir posted on X: “We welcome the decision to halt humanitarian operations — if indeed implemented. The decision was finally made — better late than never. This must be the policy until the last hostage is returned. Now is the right time to open the gates of hell, cut off electricity and water as well, return to war, and most importantly — not just to settle for half the hostages, but to return to President Trump’s ultimatum: all hostages immediately, or hell will be unleashed on Gaza.<sup>17</sup>” On **March 9, 2025**, he added, “Congratulations on cutting off

<sup>14</sup> Illouz, D. (2025). *Statement on the X platform*, 2 March. Available at: <https://x.com/dillouz/status/1896271033231110422> (Accessed: 11 April 2025).

<sup>15</sup> Succot, T. (2025). *Statement on the X platform*, 3 March. Available at: <https://x.com/tzvisuccot/status/1896448436603670654> (Accessed: 11 April 2025).

<sup>16</sup> Ben Gvir, I. (2025). *Statement on the X platform*, 3 March. Available at: <https://x.com/itamarbengvir/status/1896565867321733513> (Accessed: 11 April 2025).

<sup>17</sup> Ben Gvir, I. (2025). *Statement on the X platform*, 2 March. Available at: <https://x.com/itamarbengvir/status/1896092064158257290>.

electricity to Gaza. Israel must also bomb the massive fuel reserves that entered the Gaza Strip.<sup>18</sup>”

- **On March 5, 2025:** According to Ambassador Danny Danon: “The only hunger in Gaza is for our hostages.<sup>19</sup>”
- **On March 9, 2025:** Energy Minister Eli Cohen tweeted on X: “I have just signed an order to immediately cut off electricity to the Gaza Strip. Enough talk, it’s time for action.<sup>20</sup>”
- **On April 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025:** Israeli extremist so-called “Minister of Finance”, Bizalel Smotrich, posted on the X platform stating, “We have monitored closely the painstaking fight against Arab illegal construction and in favor of the development of colonies. The Israeli government is working on developing colonies in Yehuda and Samaria, and will not allow Arabs to continue with their illegal construction, which has become a setback for the country in the past decades”<sup>21</sup>.
- **On April 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025:** The Israeli so-called “Minister of Foreign Affairs” Eli Cohen posted on “X” during his conversation with Congresswoman Claudia Tenney via the X platform: “There is a rule: the term ‘West Bank’ should not be used, only ‘Judea and Samaria.’”<sup>22</sup>
  - **On April 9, 2025:** Israeli Likud MK Dan Iluoz made a statement on the X platform, criticizing the international community for refusing to open its

<sup>18</sup> Ben Gvir, I. (2025c). *Statement on the X platform*, 9 March. Available at: <https://x.com/itamarbengvir/status/1898779162770313439>.

<sup>19</sup> Dannon, D. (2025). *Statement via 0404 website*, 5 March. Available at: <https://www.0404.co.il/?p=1061650>

<sup>20</sup> Cohen, E. (2025). *Statement on the X platform*, 9 March. Available at: <https://x.com/elico1/status/1898756463222260177>.

<sup>21</sup> Smotrich, Bezalel. “We have monitored closely the painstaking fight against Arab illegal construction...” X (Twitter), 1 Apr. 2025, <https://x.com/bezalelsm/status/1907041203058815384>

<sup>22</sup> Cohen, Eli. “There is a rule: the term ‘West Bank’ should not be used...” X (Twitter), 1 Apr. 2025, <https://x.com/elico1/status/1907155601790263364>.

borders to Gazans for "migration." He said, "Those who have taken in refugees from Syria and Ukraine should also open up to Gazans."<sup>23</sup>

- **On April 15, 2025:** Otzma Yehudit MK Limor Son Har-Melech posted on the X platform: "We came to this gathering demanding the return of the people of Israel to their inheritance—the inheritance of their ancestors. There are no other options. Regardless of the circumstances, from the place where the killing came, there must rise a large and expansive settlement. And there, only the people of Israel will be—only (our) sons and daughters playing in its (Gaza's) streets."<sup>24</sup>
- **On April 14, 2025:** Likud MK Osher Shkalim posted on platform X: "Today I visited the Nahal Movement camp in the Gaza Strip. It is a great honor to support the wonderful pioneers of Jewish settlement in the Gaza Strip. My commitment, and the commitment of many in Likud, is clear: settlement = security, settlement = victory. We will continue working together for a broad and strong Jewish settlement throughout the Land of Israel."<sup>25</sup>
- **On April 10, 2025:** Avigdor Liberman posted on X: "While 59 hostages are going through hell in captivity, the October 7 government is preparing the infrastructure to introduce 'humanitarian aid' and medical supplies into Gaza. This must not be allowed to happen."<sup>26</sup>

<sup>23</sup> Dillouz, Dan. "Those who have taken in refugees from Syria and Ukraine..." X (Twitter), 9 Apr. 2025, <https://x.com/dillouz/status/1909914278812930457>.

<sup>24</sup> T\_Nachala. "We came to this gathering demanding the return of the people of Israel to their inheritance..." X (Twitter), 15 Apr. 2025, [https://x.com/T\\_Nachala/status/1912228853369778357](https://x.com/T_Nachala/status/1912228853369778357).

<sup>25</sup> Shkalim, Osher. "Today I visited the Nahal Movement camp in the Gaza Strip..." X (Twitter), 14 Apr. 2025, <https://x.com/OsherShkalim/status/1911831626205495438>.

<sup>26</sup> Liberman, Avigdor. "While 59 hostages are going through hell in captivity..." X (Twitter), 10 Apr. 2025, <https://x.com/AvigdorLiberman/status/1910332785149026635>.

- **On April 16, 2025:** Tzvi Succot posted on X: "There is no reason in the world that we would send a gram of aid into Gaza while our hostages are languishing in captivity."<sup>27</sup>
- **On April 21, 2025:** The so-called "Minister of Finance", Bezalel Smotrich, posted on X: "The 2025 revolution in settlement is the largest revolution made since 1967. We invest in settlement – in infrastructure, tourism, and the connection of Israeli citizens to the Land of Israel."<sup>28</sup>
- **On April 21, 2025:** The so-called "Minister of Finance", Bezalel Smotrich, posted on X: Mr. Prime Minister, your statement tonight that this war must end in victory has significance, and it is to change the method of war, to go for a full occupation of the Gaza Strip and not be afraid of a military government if necessary."<sup>29</sup>
- **On April 20, 2025:** Israeli so-called "National Security Minister" Ben Gvir wrote on Facebook: "We will also get to the law for executing terrorists and the electric chair." - Ben Gvir's statement at the opening ceremony of the Institute for Israeli Studies.<sup>30</sup>

<sup>27</sup> Succot, Tzvi. "There is no reason in the world that we would send a gram of aid..." X (Twitter), 16 Apr. 2025, <https://x.com/tzvisuccot/status/1912416998459429154>

<sup>28</sup> Smotrich, Bezalel. "The 2025 revolution in settlement is the largest revolution made since 1967..." X (Twitter), 21 Apr. 2025, <https://x.com/bezalelsm/status/1914169464611889605>.

<sup>29</sup> Smotrich, Bezalel. "Mr. Prime Minister, your statement tonight that this war must end in victory has significance..." X (Twitter), 21 Apr. 2025, <https://x.com/bezalelsm/status/1913687991295390159>.

<sup>30</sup> Ben Gvir, Itamar. "We will also get to the law for executing terrorists..." Facebook, 20 Apr. 2025, <https://www.facebook.com/share/p/1BmDqTDQR8/>.

- **On April 21, 2025:** Ministers Idit Silman and Amichai Eliyahu stated during a visit to the northern West Bank via Facebook: "Our role is to impose sovereignty."<sup>31</sup>
- **On April 29, 2025:** Quoting Yossi Dagan on Facebook: "The beginning of sovereignty is historical justice — and it is the guarantee of Israel's existence."<sup>32</sup>
- **On April 28, 2025:** The so-called "Minister of Finance", Bezalel Smotrich, posted on platform X: "The establishment of dozens of new cellular sites throughout Judea and Samaria is another link in the chain of strengthening settlement and deepening sovereignty in the region."<sup>33</sup>
- **On April 23, 2025:** MK Limor Son Har-Melech posted on platform X: "To win, there must be no Gazans, and none should remain there. Migration is the only solution."<sup>34</sup>
- **On April 24, 2025:** Quoting the so-called "Nachala Settlement Movement" during the celebration of the 77th Independence Day of the Israeli entity in the settlement tent in Gaza on platform X: "Together, we raise the flag of settlement."<sup>35</sup>

- **On May 6, 2025:** The colonizer Nachala organization wrote on Platform X: "Most of the Israeli people realize that the victory in war and security for the State of Israel will not be achieved until the Jewish children can roam freely on the Gaza beach. There is wide support for Jewish colonization throughout the Gaza Strip". Even Benny Gantz declared his support for colonization in the northern part of the Gaza Strip.<sup>36</sup>
- **On May 5, 2025:** Likud MK and Minister of Communications, Shlomo Karhi, wrote on Platform X: "Immigration, not delusions". (Referring to the displacement of the people of Gaza).<sup>37</sup>
- **On May 7, 2025:** Likud MK, Dan Illouz, wrote on Platform X: "I passed a historic law – full separation from UNRWA. UNRWA is no longer a relief organization. It is a mechanism that works to keep 'refugees', perpetuates the Palestinian narrative from one generation to the next, and prolongs the conflict. It is an organization that teaches hate, spreads anti-Zionist propaganda, and supports terrorism in the name of "the right of return"<sup>38</sup>.
- **On May 9, 2025:** The so-called Israeli "Minister of National Security" wrote on Platform X: "I implore the Prime Minister and my fellow ministers during the next cabinet meeting to withdraw the catastrophic decision to renew the aid to the Gaza Strip, which I voted against in the previous meeting"<sup>39</sup>.

<sup>31</sup> Silman, Idit, and Amichai Eliyahu. "Our role is to impose sovereignty." *Facebook*, 21 Apr. 2025, <https://www.facebook.com/share/p/1C6gj2Va3a/>.

<sup>32</sup> Dagan, Yossi. "The beginning of sovereignty is historical justice..." *Facebook*, 29 Apr. 2025, <https://www.facebook.com/share/p/18hyik4Trh/>.

<sup>33</sup> Smotrich, Bezalel. "The establishment of dozens of new cellular sites..." *X (Twitter)*, 28 Apr. 2025, <https://x.com/bezaleism/status/1916850825491571102>.

<sup>34</sup> Son Har-Melech, Limor. "To win, there must be no Gazans..." *X (Twitter)*, 23 Apr. 2025, [https://x.com/limor\\_sonhrmelh/status/1915072198429061327](https://x.com/limor_sonhrmelh/status/1915072198429061327).

<sup>35</sup> T\_Nachala. "Together, we raise the flag of settlement." *X (Twitter)*, 24 Apr. 2025, [https://x.com/T\\_Nachala/status/1915467331133706367](https://x.com/T_Nachala/status/1915467331133706367).

<sup>36</sup> Nachala. (2025). *Most of the Israeli people realize that the victory in war...* [Post on Platform X]. May 6. Available at: [https://x.com/T\\_Nachala/status/1919841440403710089](https://x.com/T_Nachala/status/1919841440403710089) [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

<sup>37</sup> Karhi, S. (2025). *Emigration, not delusions...* [Post on Platform X]. May 5. Available at: [https://x.com/shlomo\\_karhi/status/1919319844702265390](https://x.com/shlomo_karhi/status/1919319844702265390) [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

<sup>38</sup> Illouz, D. (2025). *I passed a historic law – full separation from UNRWA...* [Post on Platform X]. May 7. Available at: <https://x.com/dillouz/status/1920168365391556720> [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

<sup>39</sup> Ben Gvir, I. (2025). *I implore the Prime Minister... to withdraw the catastrophic decision...* [Post on Platform X]. May 9. Available at: <https://x.com/itamarbengvir/status/1920856667232563707> [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

- **On May 9, 2025:** The so-called Israeli “Minister of National Security” wrote on Platform X: “It is foolish and a moral and strategic mistake for the people of Gaza to receive portions of aid while the hostages starve. The equation should be clear: You want humanitarian aid? Free our hostages”<sup>40</sup>.
- **On May 15, 2025:** Yair Chetboun, the Mayor of Ariel, wrote on his Facebook page: “A strong, painful, and dangerous blow must be directed at all the residents of the terrorist village (Bruqin)”<sup>41</sup>.
- **On May 15, 2025:** Yossi Dagan, the head of the colonial so-called “Shomron Regional Council”, wrote on his Facebook page: “I demand the government of Israel to evacuate the terrorist villages of Kafr Al-Dik and Bruqin to Rafah and Jenin”<sup>42</sup>.
- **On May 15, 2025:** The extremist Minister of Finance, Bezalel Smotrich, wrote on his Facebook page: “Bruqin and Kafr Al-Dik must become like As-Shuja’yah and Tal As-Sultan”.<sup>43</sup>
- **On May 15, 2025:** The Nachala colonizer organization wrote on their Facebook page: “We must go out today to occupy all of Gaza.”<sup>44</sup>

<sup>40</sup>Ben Gvir, I. (2025). *It is foolish... for the people of Gaza to receive aid...* [Post on Platform X]. May 9. Available at: <https://x.com/itamarbengvir/status/1920856667232563707> [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

<sup>41</sup>Chetboun, Y. (2025). *A strong blow must be directed... at all residents of the village of Bruqin* [Post on Facebook]. May 15. Available at: <https://www.facebook.com/share/p/16JF9M16eQ/> [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

<sup>42</sup>Dagan, Y. (2025). *I demand the Israeli government to evacuate the terrorist villages...* [Post on Facebook]. May 15. Available at: <https://www.facebook.com/share/p/1EcFbXxRFg/> [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

<sup>43</sup>Smotrich, B. (2025). *Bruqinand Kafr al-Dik must become like Shuja’iyya...* [Post on Facebook]. May 15. Available at: <https://www.facebook.com/share/p/16RUrPaDjf/> [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

<sup>44</sup>Nachala. (2025). *We must go out today to occupy all of Gaza.* [Post on Facebook]. May 15. Available at: <https://www.facebook.com/share/p/1962uqPbpo/> [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

- **On May 15, 2025:** Likud MK and Communications Minister, Shlomo Karhi, wrote on his personal Facebook page: “We must act in these deadly villages as we did in Gaza (Bruqin and Kafr Al-Dik).”<sup>45</sup>
- **On May 29, 2025:** Finance Minister Smotrich stated on Platform X: “We have led a historic decision for colonization: 22 new sites in Judea and Samaria, renewal of colonization in northern Samaria, and strengthening the eastern backbone of the State of Israel. This is a big day for the colonization and an important day for the State of Israel. Through hard work and persistence, we have been able to create a strategic depth change, bringing Israel’s status onto the path of construction, Zionism, and vision. Colonization on the heritage of our ancestors is Israel’s protective wall—today we took a major step to strengthen it. The next step—**sovereignty!**”<sup>46</sup>
- **On May 28, 2025:** Yossi Dagan, the head of the colonial so-called “Shomron Regional Council”, wrote on his Facebook page: “We demand a full military operation in the terrorist village of Bruqin, the demolition of illegal structures that endanger the route, and the establishment of a colony—in commemoration.”<sup>47</sup>
- **On June 10, 2025:** Extremist MK Tzvi Succot posted on X: “There will never be a Palestinian State”. He added on June 12, 2025: “Restoring the Jewish presence in Joseph’s Tomb in Nablus is justified and important, historically, politically, and

<sup>45</sup>Karhi, S. (2025). *We must act in these deadly villages as we did in Gaza...* [Post on Facebook]. May 15. Available at: <https://www.facebook.com/share/p/1FPFX7496g/> [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

<sup>46</sup>Smotrich, B. (2025). *We have led a historic decision for colonization...* [Post on Platform X]. May 29. Available at: <https://x.com/bezalelsm/status/1927960845625000276> [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

<sup>47</sup>Dagan, Y. (2025). *We demand a full military operation in the terrorist village...* [Post on Facebook]. May 28. Available at: <https://www.facebook.com/share/p/1QxcG4gcB3/> [Accessed: May 31, 2025].

security-wise”. In the same context, Finance Minister Smotrich stated: “The so-called Palestinian cause is one of the biggest lies, Israel will not consent to dividing the land”.

- The Nachala colonizer organization wrote on the X platform: “There are no temporary solutions, there is only full occupation and expelling the enemy”.
- **On June 27, 2025:** Likud MK, Dan Illouz, made a statement about colonial outposts and the behaviour of colonizers: “The dwellers of Judea and Samaria (referring to the extremist dwellers of colonial outposts) protect us from the establishment of a terrorist state”.

## **Chapter Two: The Ongoing Colonial Expansion on Palestinian Land**

A: Master Plans for Colonial Construction in the West Bank

B: Master Plans for Colonial Construction in Jerusalem

C: Colonial Construction Bids in the First Half of 2025

D: The Separation of Colonial Neighborhoods and the Decision to Establish 22 Colonies

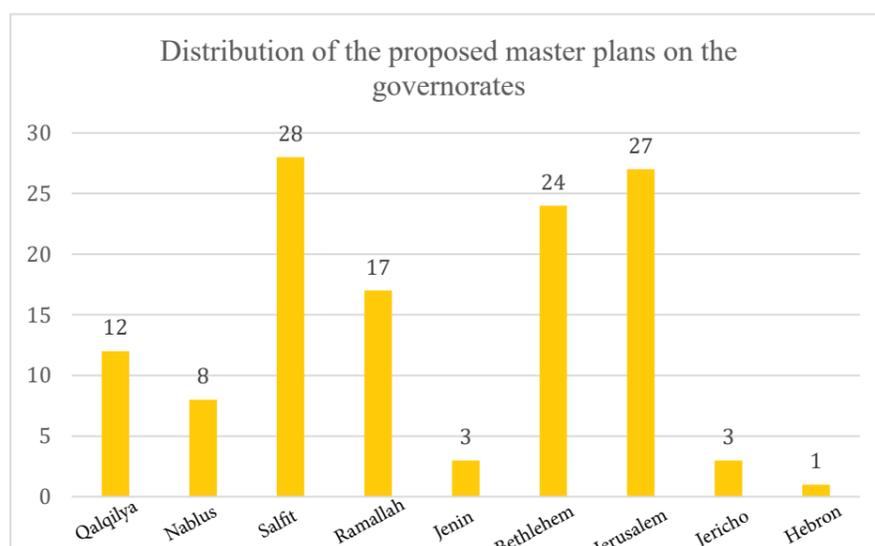
## A: Master Plans for Colonial Construction in the West Bank

The Israeli occupation authorities use regulatory tools as one of the effective means to implement their colonial project in the Palestinian territories. This is done both to continue establishing and expanding Israeli colonies and colonial blocs on one hand, and to perpetuate the urban strangulation of Palestinian construction in areas still under their regulatory control on the other.

To make matters clearer, it is important to note that the occupation authorities market these violations as legitimate practices based on local laws that were in effect in the Palestinian territories prior to their occupation

(specifically, the Town, Village, and Building Planning Law No. 79 of 1966). However, they ignore Military Order No. 418 of 1979, which amended this law to such an extent that it was effectively stripped of its original content.

Thus, the structural framework established by the aforementioned military order and its subsequent amendments retained the name "Higher Planning Council." However, it granted the Israeli military commander the authority to form this council exclusively from Israelis (soldiers and colonizers, of course) and endowed this council with the powers of local and regional committees. As a result, it became the sole body authorized to issue building permits or approve master plans for Palestinian villages. At the same time, Israeli colonies were granted the powers of



local committees and were provided with additional regulatory committees endowed with extensive authority.

Since the beginning of 2025, a total of 8,511 colonial units have been studied across 39 master plans. This resulted in the approval of 1,426 colonial units through 12 master plans, while 6,965 units were submitted for later approval through 27 master plans. It is notable that among the reviewed (approved and submitted) master plans, the concentration is highest in colonies located in Salfit Governorate (28 plans), followed by Jerusalem Governorate (27 plans<sup>48</sup>), Bethlehem (24 plans), and then Ramallah, Qalqilia, Nablus, Jericho, Jenin, and Hebron.

Among the submitted plans were several aimed at regularizing outposts surrounding the Eli colony, located between Ramallah and Nablus governorates. These include: The outpost "Bilgai Mayim", through two master plans (numbers  $\text{שׁיׁוׁשׁ}/8/237$  and  $\text{שׁיׁוׁשׁ}/6/237$ ) aiming to build a total of 499 colonial units on an area of 412 dunums. Another plan was also submitted for the second outpost in the same area, "Havat Harim", proposing 407 colonial units on approximately 351 dunums of privately-owned Palestinian land (master plan number  $\text{שׁיׁוׁשׁ}/4/237$ ). In addition, a plan was submitted for the establishment of a new colonial outpost, under master plan number  $\text{שׁיׁוׁשׁ}/5/237$ , aiming to build 650 new colonial units on an area estimated at 638 dunums.

Analyses of the maps attached to the master plans indicate the occupying power's intent to significantly expand the Telm colony, which is built on privately-owned Palestinian land in Tarqumiya, Hebron Governorate, by establishing a new colonial neighborhood. This would involve the construction of 196 new colonial units over

<sup>48</sup> Plans outside the Jerusalem municipal boundaries.

an area of 144 dunums, through the approval of master plan number שי/1/1/501. (See side map)<sup>49</sup>

Additionally, the attached maps and spatial data indicate that the occupying state has allocated a total of 1,923 dunums of privately-owned Palestinian land in the village of An-Nabi Musa for a major expansion of the so-called “Kalya” colony located there. This would be executed through master plan number שי/2/9/608, which aims to change land use designations from agricultural to industrial and engineering uses.

The maps attached to the submitted master plans indicate the occupying power’s intent to expand the Etz Efraim colony, which is built on privately-owned Palestinian land in the villages of Mas-ha in Salfit Governorate and Saniriya in Qalqilya Governorate. This would be done through the submission of a master plan aiming to establish a new neighborhood for the colony, involving the construction of 192 new colonial units on an area of 32 dunums, under master plan number שי/1/6/126. Similarly, the maps attached to the submitted master plans indicate the occupying state’s intention to expand the Nokdim colony, built on the land of Arab Al-Ta'amrah villages southeast of Herodium Palace in Bethlehem Governorate, through the approval of a master plan (*see side map*). This plan aims to create a new neighborhood for the colony involving the construction of 290 new colonial units over an area of 239 dunums, under master plan number שי/12/411.

Not far from the first plan that would lead to the construction of a new neighborhood affiliated with the Nokdim colony, a review of the maps attached to the master plan for the Ma’ale Amos colony reveals the occupying power’s intention to establish a new colonial neighborhood affiliated with Ma’ale Amos. This would be through the submission of master plan number שי/8/1/413 (*see side map*), which aims to build

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<sup>49</sup> The area designated for the plot is the blue area, which is geographically distant from the parent colony.

148 new colonial units on approximately 42 dunums of land belonging to the village of Kisan, south of Bethlehem Governorate.

The maps attached to the submitted master plans also indicate the occupying power's intent to carry out a major expansion of the Etz Efraim colony, which is built on land belonging to the villages of Mas-ha in Salfit Governorate and Saniriya in Qalqilya Governorate, through the approval of master plan number שי/6/126 (*see side map no. 1*). This plan aims to establish a new neighborhood for the colony to build 252 new colonial units on an area of 104 dunums. The occupying state continues to propose more master plans seeking significant expansion of the Etz Efraim colony, after having submitted a large plan two months ago under plan number שי/1/6/126 for the construction of 192 new colonial units on 32 dunums.

In Salfit Governorate, the maps attached to the announced master plans indicate that the occupying power has approved a large plan within the framework of the new colony of Ariel West, which was approved for establishment in 1992 and had a tender issued for it a year ago. The approval of master plan number שי/1/1/3/130, which aims to build 730 new colonial units on 405 dunums, marks a dangerous step in the ongoing targeting of lands in Salfit Governorate, particularly the city of Salfit.

Among the major plans approved in May was another targeting lands in Jerusalem Governorate, specifically in favor of the Kokhav Ya'akov colony. The maps attached to master plan number שי/2/242 (*see side map no. 2*) indicate that the occupying power approved a large master plan aiming to build 627 colonial units on 253 dunums of land belonging to Kafr 'Aqab, north of Jerusalem.

Notably, the occupying power has recently adopted a policy of establishing colonial neighborhoods that are geographically distant from the parent colony, with the aim of seizing as much land as possible in preparation for declaring these neighborhoods

as independent colony—as was seen in the recent announcement by the occupation government recognizing the separation of 13 new colonial neighborhoods and designating them as fully-fledged colony.

Among the most significant plans aimed at large-scale colony expansion is master plan number יוש/2/242, which concerns the Kokhav Ya'akov colony, built on the lands of Kafr 'Aqab in Jerusalem Governorate. This plan was approved for the purpose of major expansion, involving the construction of 627 new colonial units, effectively adding a substantial new section to the settlement on an area of 254 dunums.

Plan no.	Colony	Governorate	No. of units	Stage
501 /1 /1 / יוש	Telm	Hebron	196	Approval
126 /6 /1 / יוש	Etz Efraim	Salfit	192	Deposit
411 /12 / יוש	Nokdim	Bethlehem	290	Approval
413 /1 /8 / יוש	Ma'ale Amos	Bethlehem	148	Deposit
126 /6 / יוש	Etz Efraim	Salfit	252	Approval
130 /3 /1 /1 / יוש	Ariel / West	Salfit	730	Approval
240 /1 /1 / יוש	Geva Binyamin / Adam	Jerusalem	356	Approval
226 /5 /3 / יוש	Ma'ale Shomron / Al-Matan	Qalqilyah	120	Deposit
208 /3 /4 / יוש	Ganei Modi'in	Ramallah	178	Deposit

#### Master Plans in the West Bank

Colony	Plan no.	Governorate	Approval	Deposit	New units	Area	Notes
Alfei Menashe	115 /4 /1 /4 / יוש	Qalqilya				0.84	Adding rights
Beitar Illit	7 / /3 /1 /426 / יוש	Bethlehem				970	Change of usage
Modi'in Illit	210 /17 /1 / יוש	Ramallah				4000	From commercial to public
Elon Moreh	107 /8 /1 / יוש	Nablus	186		186	90.3	Change of usage
Itamar	3 /4 /2 /א /163 / יוש	Nablus		2	2	2.071	Change of usage

Beitar Illit	7 / /2 /2 /א /426 / יוש	Bethlehem		143	143	6.41	Residential and commercial
Nofim	119 /5 /4 / יוש	Salfit	1		1	0.518	Building change
Geva Binyamin	240 /2 /11 /3 / יוש	Jerusalem				1.16	Reorganization
Peduel	160 /11 / יוש	Salfit		12	12	13.1	Change of usage
Mitzpe Yeriho	228 /1 /2 /1 / יוש	Jericho				59.287	
Karnei Shomron	117 /8 /2 / יוש	Qalqilya				3535.66	
Beit El	218 /21 / יוש	Ramallah					Land powers
Etz Efraim	126 /2 /8 / יוש	Salfit		73	73	12.07	
Sha'arei Tikva	123 /13 / יוש	Salfit				0.559	Adding building zones
Barkan\ Industrial zone	130 /ת /5 /18 / יוש	Salfit				4.966	Expansion of Building No. 9
Ariel	130 /2 /3 /34 / יוש	Salfit				11.484	
Taffuh	131 /10 / יוש	Salfit	2		2	0.65	
Barkan\ Industrial zone	130 /ת /5 /14 / יוש	Salfit				5.203	Commercial to Industrial
Giv'at Ze'ev	220 /10 /22 / יוש	Jerusalem		3	3	0.691	
Giv'at Ze'ev	10 /17 /1 /220 / יוש	Jerusalem	38		38	3.284	
Giv'at Ze'ev	220 /10 /9 / יוש	Jerusalem		5	5	1.958	
Giv'at Ze'ev	10 /11 /1 /220 / יוש	Jerusalem	23		23	1.838	
Mevo Dotan	104 /2 /1 / יוש	Jenin		455	455	529.490	
Beitar Illit	426 /9 / יוש	Bethlehem				629.471	Industrial zone
Modi'in Illit	210 /8 /1 /10 / יוש	Ramallah				43.71	Change of usage
Ma'ale Adumim	2 /2 /2 /26 /420 / יוש	Jerusalem				2.992	Change of usage
Mevo Dotan	104 /2 /1 / יוש	Jenin		445	445	539.29	Change of usage
Telem	501 /1 /1 / יוש	Hebron	196		196	144.41	Change of usage
Galya	608 /9 /2 / יוש	Jericho				1923.6	Change of usage
Alei Zahav	132 /4 /א /2 / יוש	Salfit		2	2	0.692	Change of usage

Neve Daniel	ירוש / 9 / 402	Bethlehem				0.335	Building change
Modi'in Illit	ירוש / 2 / 11 / 6 / 210	Ramallah				335.25	Updating the plan
Elon Moreh	ירוש / 1 / 3 / 107	Nablus		6	6	0	Change of usage
Efrat	ירוש / 45 / 5 / 410	Bethlehem				2.1	Change of usage
Efrat	ירוש / 86 / 5 / 410	Bethlehem				0.362	Change of usage
Beitar Illit	ירוש / 1 / 14 / 7 / 426	Bethlehem		27	27	1.23	Change of usage
Beitar Illit	ירוש / 19 / 7 / 426	Bethlehem		98	98	2.9	Change of usage
Beitar Illit	ירוש / 1 / 3 / 10 / 1 / 426	Bethlehem		393	393	21.89	Change of usage
Karnei Shomron	ירוש / 7 / 4 / 117	Salfit	1		1	0.479	Change of usage
Eli	ירוש / 2 / 3 / 237	Nablus		100	100	21.274	Change of usage
Giv'at Ze'ev	ירוש / 30 / 10 / 220	Jerusalem		6	6	0.669	Change of usage
Hashmonaim	ירוש / 2 / 232	Ramallah				19.55	Change of usage
Ofra	ירוש / 2 / 6 / 221	Ramallah				9.251	Change of usage
Geva Binyamin	ירוש / 1 / 1 / 240	Jerusalem	356		356	141.62	Change of usage
Peduel	ירוש / 12 / 160	Salfit	33		33	6.543	Change of usage
Karnei Shomron	ירוש / 7 / 927	Qalqilia					Change of usage
Efrat	ירוש / 28 / 2 / 410	Bethlehem	8		8	0.393	Change of usage
Migdalim	ירוש / 4 / 142	Nablus	184		184	151.6	
Kiryat Netafim	ירוש / 6 / 129	Salfit		136	136	20.389	
Modi'in Illit	ירוש / 6 / 1 / 6 / 210	Ramallah				96.44	
Ariel	ירוש / 1 / 8 / 6 / 130	Salfit				8.078	
Kedumim	ירוש / 1 / 113	Qalqilia				100.9	
Barkan\ Industrial zone	ירוש / 17 / 5 / 130	Salfit				4.127	
Tzufim	ירוש / 16 / 149	Qalqilia				6.01	
Shaked	ירוש / 1 / 102	Jenin				0.633	
Giv'at Ze'ev	ירוש / 2 / 12 / 10 / 220	Jerusalem				2.83	

Barkan	ירוש / 8 / 128	Salfit				0.516	
Giv'at Ze'ev	ירוש / 37 / 2 / 215	Jerusalem	1		1	0.45	
Giv'at Ze'ev	ירוש / 40 / 2 / 215	Jerusalem	1		1	0.66	
Talmon <sup>50</sup>	ירוש / 2 / 13 / 235	Ramallah		968	968	330	
Etz Efraim	ירוש / 18 / 126	Salfit		1	1	0.568	
Sha'arei Tikva	ירוש / 24 / 122	Qalqilia		2	2	1.120	
Yakir	ירוש / 2 / 1 / 118	Salfit		464	464	240.79	2
Burkan	ירוש / 11 / 128	Salfit		2	2	1.327	
Eli	ירוש / 17 / 237	Nablus		2	2	0.62	
I. Shomron/ Matan	ירוש / 3 / 5 / 116	Qalqilia		140	140	63.344	
Shilo/ Industrial Zone	ירוש / 3 / 1 / 205	Ramallah				89.05	
Giv'at Ze'ev	ירוש / 1 / 12 / 10 / 220	Jerusalem				2.26	
Etz Efraim	ירוש / 1 / 6 / 126	Salfit		192	192	31.969	
Kedumim <sup>51</sup>	ירוש / 1 / 12 / 113	Qalqilia		58	58	35.31	
Beitar Illit	ירוש / 3 / 2 / 7 / 426	Bethlehem	28		28	1.168	
Giv'at Ze'ev	ירוש / 1 / 7 / 10 / 220	Jerusalem				2.2	
Efrat	ירוש / 93 / 5 / 410	Bethlehem				8.834	
Efrat	ירוש / 33 / 3 / 410	Bethlehem				24.301	
Etz Efraim	ירוש / 15 / 126	Salfit		80	80	13.82	
Beitar Illit	ירוש / 1 / 3 / 10 / 1 / 426	Bethlehem		393	393	34.88	
Karnei Shomron	ירוש / 2 / 5 / 116	Qalqilia	68		68	31.5	
Ariel	ירוש / 5 / 8 / 130	Salfit				2.395	
Giv'at Ze'ev	ירוש / 3 / 12 / 10 / 220	Jerusalem				2.37	
Kidar	ירוש / 4 / 421	Jerusalem		330	330	63.61	
Almon	ירוש / 1 / 1 / 2 / 226	Ramallah				10.171	
Neli	ירוש / 4 / 3 / 206	Ramallah				766.6	
Beitar Illit	ירוש / 4 / 7 / 426	Bethlehem	184		184	6.212	
Beit Aryeh-Ofarim	ירוש / 5 / 2 / 202	Ramallah				1.091	
Ma'ale Adumim	ירוש / 62 / 7 / 420	Jerusalem				5.445	
Beitar Illit	ירוש / 31 / 3 / 1 / 426	Bethlehem				1720	

<sup>50</sup> Development and expansion of the Agoz neighborhood

<sup>51</sup> Settlement of the Mitzpe Yishai outpost

Itamar	ירוש / 2 / א / 4 / 3 163	Nablus			2.071	
Giv'at Ze'ev	ירוש / 40 / 2 / 215	Jerusalem	2	2	0.66	
Sha'arei Tikva	ירוש / 7 / 122	Qalqilya	5	5	1.965	
Giv'at Ze'ev	ירוש / 32 / 10 / 220	Jerusalem		195	195	6.852
Gva'ot	ירוש / 6 / 2 / 418	Bethlehem				
Beitar Illit	ירוש / 2 / 10 / 3 / 1 / 426	Bethlehem		13	13	372
Giv'at Ze'ev	ירוש / 38 / 1 / 220	Jerusalem				0.419
Oranit	ירוש / 5 / 9 / 3 / 121	Salfit				3.8
Argaman Tanks	ירוש / 1 / 300 / 60	Jericho				
Ma'ale Efrayim	ירוש / 18 / 310	Nablus				
Ganei Modi'in	ירוש / 4 / 3 / 208	Ramallah		178	178	30.2
Modi'in Illit	ירוש / 9 / 1 / 8 / 210	Ramallah				20.33
Nofim	ירוש / 5 / 5 / 119	Salfit	1	1		
Karnei Shomron	ירוש / 14 / 4 / 1 / 117	Qalqilya				1.06
Ariel	ירוש / 12 / 6 / ת / 130	Salfit				4.49
Talmon	ירוש / 3 / 12 / 235	Ramallah				30.348
Nokdim	ירוש / 12 / 411	Bethlehem	290	290	239.22	
Modi'in Illit	ירוש / 5 / 1 / 6 / 210	Jerusalem				38.944
Karnei Shomron	ירוש / 3 / 6 / 117	Qalqilya				413
Ma'ale Amos	ירוש / 8 / 1 / 413	Bethlehem		148	148	41.96
Kokhav Ya'akov	ירוש / 2 / 242	Jerusalem	627	627	253.74	Residential expansion
Beit Aryeh-Ofarim	ירוש / ת / 202	Ramallah				655.22
Beitar Illit	ירוש / 2 / א / 7 / 426	Bethlehem	143	143	6.41	To residential and commercial
Almon	ירוש / 1 / 1 / 1 / 226	Jerusalem				0.874
Barkan	ירוש / 11 / 128	Salfit	4	4	1.327	Change of usage
Ma'ale Adumim	ירוש / 7 / 13 / 1 / 420	Jerusalem				0.487
Etz Efraim	ירוש / 6 / 126	Salfit	252	252	104.109	Change of usage
Efrat	ירוש / 11 / 410	Bethlehem				Adding building rights
Rimonim	ירוש / 3 / 224	Ramallah	98	98	63.844	Adding a building
Ariel	ירוש / 1 / 1 / 3 / 130	Salfit	730	730	405.38	Zoning change

Ma'ale Adumim	ירוש / 79 / 16 / 1 / 420	Jerusalem				Adding building space
Giv'at Ze'ev	ירוש / 24 / 10 / 220	Jerusalem			0.707	Determine building rights
Ma'ale Adumim	ירוש / 4 / 11 / 3 / 1 / 420	Jerusalem			4.16	Adding building space
Ma'ale Adumim	ירוש / 30 / 6 / 1 / 420	Jerusalem			6.2	Adding building space
Beitar Illit	ירוש / 1 / 14 / ב / 7 / 426	Bethlehem	27	27	1.23	From commercial to residential
Beitar Illit	ירוש / 19 / ב / 7 / 426	Bethlehem	98	98	2.9	Residential and commercial
Alkana	ירוש / 2 / 9 / 125	Salfit	26	26	20.518	Open road
<b>Total</b>						

**Note:**

The orange cells indicate plans that have already been approved.

The white cells indicate plans that have been submitted for subsequent approval.

### **B: Master Plans for Colonial Construction in Jerusalem<sup>52</sup>**

The planning bodies of the occupying power, represented by the District Committee of the Jerusalem Municipality, have reviewed a total of 44 master plans aimed at colonial expansion within the colonies established in Jerusalem. Of these, 20 plans were approved, while 24 others were submitted for deposit. These plans aim to construct 6,723 housing units and target a total area of 2,104 dunums.

Additionally, the Israeli Ministry of Housing issued a tender to build 1,047 housing units in the Lower Aqueduct colony, which the occupying state seeks to position in the heart of occupied East Jerusalem, between the neighborhoods of Beit Safafa and Sur Baher.

This new colony was approved on January 1, 2024, marking the first approval in more than a decade and a half for a colony at the core of the Holy City.

<sup>52</sup> This part of the report was prepared in cooperation with the Arab Studies Society/Jerusalem.

The tender was issued just four months after the approval of the new colony—an unprecedented timeline between approval and tender announcement—indicating that the occupying state is determined to accelerate construction under the cover of war and the international community's distraction with ongoing events in the region.

### Master Plans in Jerusalem

Colony	Plan no.	Stage	No of units	Area	Date	Notes
Givat HaMatos	101/0657593	Approval	3500	119.304	January 3	
Neve Yaakov	101/1049188	Approval		1.235	January 17	
Ramat Shlomo	101/1326560	Deposit	12	4.76	January 17	
Sindharya	101/0675041	Approval		11.417	January 17	مجمع رفق بالحيوان
Light Rail	101/0800771	Approval		283.39	January 3	Purple line
Ketsema h	101/1049923	Approval		17.982	January 24	Archaeological park
Har Homa	101/1132232	Approval		3.675	January 24	Expansion of a religious school
Gilo	101/1164433	Approval	808	22.218	January 31	
Gilo	101/1176791	Approval	154	6.176	January 31	
Gilo	101/1206572	Approval	23	1.6	February 21	
Pisgat Ze'ev	101/1126663	Deposit	105	2.898	February 21	
Nahalat Shimon	101/1237767	Deposit	316	16.875	February	New neighborhood
Ramat Shlomo	101/1288422	Deposit		1.648	February 28	Kindergarten
Ramat Shlomo	101/1290550	Deposit	4	1.219	March 7	
Ramot	101/1299155	Deposit		0.888	March 7	Adding a building
Neve Yaakov	101/0998393	Approval		5.745	March 7	Public buildings
Har Homa	101/1061902	Deposit		23.526	March 14	Institutions
French Hill	101/1074848	Approval	233	5.237	March 15	
Gilo	101/0948356	Approval		17.768	March 14	Urban renewal
Givat HaMatos	101/1153048	Approval		69.8	March 28	Land allocation

Talpiot	101/1281419	Approval		2.725	March 28	Hotel expansion
Ramat Shlomo	101/1326560	Approval	12	4.76	April 4	
Gilo	101/1233030	Deposit	528	15.69	April 11	
Ramot	101/1328822	Deposit		2.106	April 11	Bridge construction
Gilo	101/0917138	Deposit	220	8.217	April 11	
Ramot	101/1193739	Deposit	2	2.651	May 2	
Givat HaMatos	101/1320233	Deposit	350	31.436	May 2	
	101/0805531	Deposit		65.137	May 2	Bus stop
Ramat Shlomo	101/1098219	Deposit	4	0.697	May 9	
Gilo	101/1226851	Deposit	1	0.807	May 9	
Ramot	101/0921197	Approval		18.998		Public buildings
Giv'at Shaked	101/1252998	Deposit	450	11.437	May 16	New neighborhood
Talpiot	101/1011840	Approval	458	9.586	May 16	Demolition and construction of buildings
Ramot Ashkol	101/1225895	Deposit	181	4.816	May 16	
Ramot	101/1278001	Approval		9.498	May 30	Sports facilities
Gilo	101/1226166	Deposit	1	0.67	May 30	
Gilo	101/0737866	Approval	355	10.88	May 30	
French Hill	101/1195114	Approval		585.7	June 5	National park
French Hill	101/1025519	Approval	628	53.16	June 13	
Pisgat Ze'ev	101/1142249	Approval	520	10.427	June 13	
Har Homa	101/1061902	Approval		23.526	June 20	
Total			1490.285 dunums	8865 units		

#### Note:

The orange cells indicate plans that have already been approved.

The white cells indicate plans that have been submitted for subsequent approval.

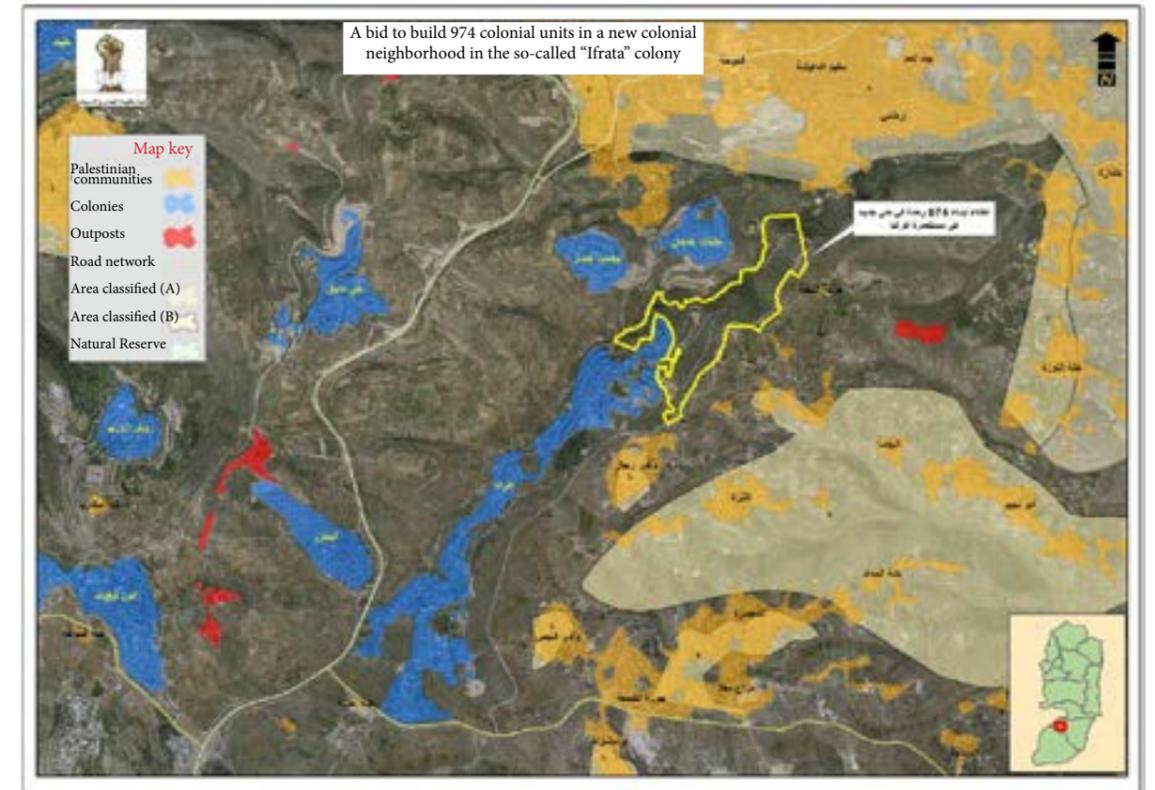
### C: Colonial Construction Bids in the first half of 2025:

Since the beginning of 2025, the occupation authorities have issued 10 construction bids to build 1,275 new colonial units. These bids targeted various colonies in the West Bank to varying degrees. The Efrat colony, built on land from Bethlehem Governorate, received the largest share of housing units through two major bids

aimed at constructing 974 new colonial units. It was followed by the Kiryat Arba colony, which received three bids for the construction of 296 colonial units. The remaining bids focused on structures for various purposes, such as the establishment of gas distribution stations, recreational facilities, industrial structures, a nursing home, and renewable energy facilities.

Regarding the most prominent bids related to the so-called “Efrat” colony, the “Higher Planning Council” of the so-called “Civil Administration” approved master plan number 7/5/410 on June 5, 2024, covering an area of approximately 630 dunums. The recent wave of bid announcements indicates a significant acceleration in issuing construction bids shortly after the approval of master plans, demonstrating the actual implementation of the colonial expansion process on Palestinian land.

The spatial data maps related to the approved master plan, on which bids have been issued, indicate the occupying state's intent to establish a large extension of the Efrat colony, forming a new neighborhood that would be added to the colony. Through its positioning in this area, the colony seeks to create a deep and systematic geographic separation between the city and its eastern and western countryside. The neighborhood currently planned for construction would become a third head added to the two existing extensions of the parent colony to the east: the neighborhoods of Giv’at Hadagan and Giv’at Hatamar, which were previously established east of the colony. The construction of this new colonial neighborhood would therefore consolidate the fragmentation within the governorate.



**Active Bids Published Since the Beginning of 2025**

Colony	No of units	Bid no	Final date for submitting the plan	Bid opening date	Bid publication date	Assignment
Giv'at Ze'ev		2025/26	14/4/2025	3/3/2025	27/1/2025	Dense construction
Efrat	694	2025/38	28/7/2025	--	12/2/2025	Dense construction
Efrat	280	2025/39	28/7/2025	--	12/2/2025	Nursing home
Kiryat Arba	156	2025/78	8/9/2025	--	18/3/2025	Dense construction
Migdal Oz		2025/101	8/9/2025	--	27/4/2025	Recreation and tourism
Kiryat Arba	140	2025/102	29/9/2025	--	28/4/2025	Dense construction
Kiryat Arba		2025/196	4/8/2025	--	29/4/2025	Renewable energy
Geva Binyamin	5	2025/198	1/9/2025	--	30/4/2025	Low construction
Mishor Adumim		2025/203	11/8/2025	--	5/5/2025	Industrial
Eli Zahav		2025/233	29/9/2025		5/6/2025	Gas station
<b>Total</b>	<b>1275 units</b>					

### **Chapter Three: Occupation Procedures and Practices to Control Palestinian Lands**

- H- The Colonial Outposts Established (Approved) in the First Half of 2025
- I- Legalizing Colonial Outposts
- J- Forced Displacement of Bedouin Communities
- K- Land Expropriation (Land Confiscation)
  - Military Orders Details
- L- Expanding the borders of the colonies' area of influence
- M- Military Orders Allocating Land for Colonizers' Grazing
- N- Land Registration Deals

#### **A. The Colonial Outposts Established and “Approved” in the first half of 2025:**

Since the beginning of 2025, colonizers have established 24 new colonial outposts, most of which are agricultural-pastoral in nature. These types of outposts aim to impose extensive control over land, where the danger goes beyond simply preventing Palestinian citizens from accessing their land. The goals are far more serious, with strategic implications for Palestinian existence.

On one hand, these colonial outposts, especially the newly established ones, not only deny Palestinians access to their lands, leading to their neglect and the destruction of farming and reclamation efforts, but also facilitate the occupation's takeover by stripping the land from its rightful owners. On the other hand, they work to isolate Palestinian villages and towns, depriving them of their right to natural growth and expansion. In this regard, the colonizers act in coordination with the official institutions of the occupying state. While the official authorities deprive these villages of construction permits and master plans needed for expansion, the colonizers contribute through obstruction, intimidation, and restriction. Furthermore, many of these outposts are strategically placed in attempts to link or merge with existing outposts or nearby major colonies, deepening their territorial grip.

These days, pastoral outposts are used by armed colonizers, protected by the Israeli occupation army, to seize vast areas of Palestinian-owned land under the pretext of agriculture and grazing. In reality, the objective behind these actions is to gain control over every possible portion of Palestinian land through unofficial means. This serves multiple purposes: To weaken the ability of Palestinian villages and towns to expand naturally, effectively strangling these communities and subjecting them to the risk of displacement due to a coercive and hostile environment, to take

control of natural resources, especially water sources, and to create a new de facto reality that the occupation government later legitimizes and legalizes, thereby converting these lands into permanent colonial territory.

Looking at the outposts established since the beginning of 2025, it is clear that there are deliberate efforts to link them with existing outposts and colonies in nearby areas. This facilitates control over the land that lies between these colonial entities and deprives Palestinians of vast areas of their land in these regions.

In this section of the report, we present the colonial outposts established since early 2025, accompanied by illustrative maps showing the geopolitical placement of the outposts. These maps highlight their impact on surrounding Palestinian villages and towns, and the objectives behind their placement, especially in proximity to previously established outposts and colonies in the area.

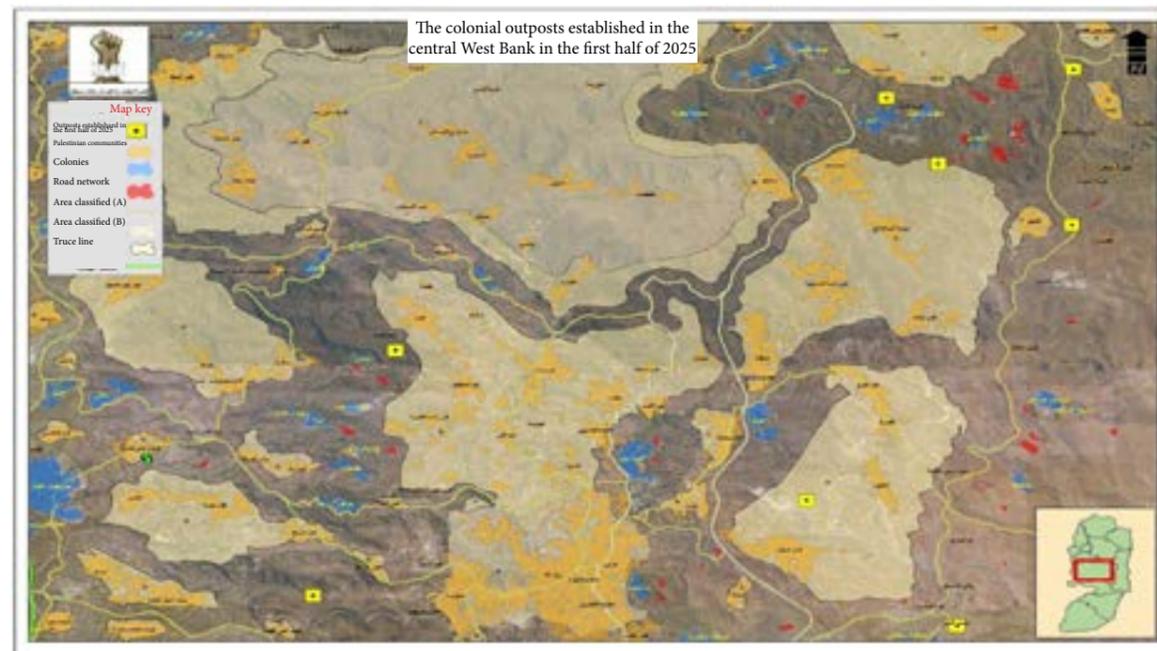
#### **The Colonial Outposts Established in the First Half of 2025**

1. Outpost east of Mikhmas: An agricultural-pastoral outpost located on the lands of Mikhmas, north of Jerusalem. It consists of sheep pens, livestock troughs, a tent, and a shack. It is positioned near the colonial outpost named Sde Yonatan. This outpost was established on January 26, 2025.
2. Outpost in the plain of Jaba' village: This pastoral outpost lies north of the colony Geva Binyamin (Adam) and to the east of the plain of Jaba' village in Jerusalem. It includes a group of tents.
3. Outpost on the lands of Kobar: Located in the Kobar area of Ramallah, this pastoral outpost consists of two tents, two caravans, a livestock feeder, and a military watchtower. It was established on March 17, 2025.
4. Outpost in Maghayir al-Deir (Deir Dibwan): Situated east of Ramallah (in Deir Dibwan), this outpost was established in the Maghayir al-Deir area,

which had been depopulated. It includes tents and was established on May 18, 2025.

5. Outpost in al-Tira village / Ramallah: This pastoral outpost is located in the al-Lajour area of the village of al-Tira. It contains a shack and a livestock pen and was established in April 2025.
6. Outpost in Deir Dibwan: Located in Deir Dibwan to the east of al-Tarifi quarries, this pastoral outpost consists of a group of tents.
7. Outpost in al-Mughayyir – al-Qala' area (Ramallah): This pastoral outpost is located in the al-Qala' area of al-Mughayyir, east of Ramallah. It includes tents and livestock and was established on May 25, 2025.
8. Outpost on the lands of Ein 'Arik – Beituniya: Located in the Ein 'Arik - Beituniya area of Ramallah, this herding outpost contains a tent and was established on June 1, 2025.
9. Outpost on the lands of Turmusa'ya: this outpost was established in April 2025, and includes tents designated for colonizers' herding. It is located in the plains area to the east of Turmusa'ya, north of Ramallah.

Map showing the colonial outposts established in the central West Bank in the first half of 2025



10- An outpost on Mount (Al Jomjoma) Ma'alot Halhul: This outpost is situated on Mount (Al Jomjoma) near the towns of Sa'ir and Halhul in Hebron governorate. It is an agricultural outpost consisting of a group of tents and caravans, which was established on May 26, 2025.

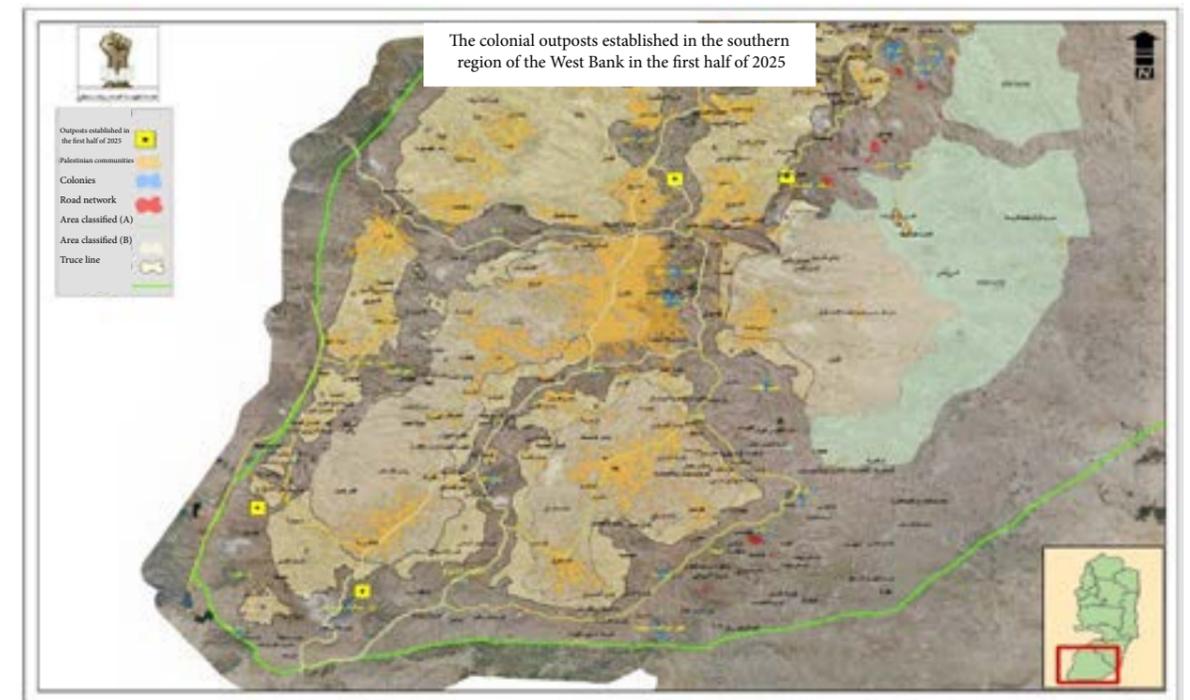
11- An outpost near Al-Burj Village: This outpost is located near Al-Burj Village in Hebron, close to the s-called "Eshkolot" colony. It consists of caravans and water tanks with the intention of establishing a farm. This outpost was established in April 2025.

12. An outpost to the South of Adh Dhahiriya: this colonial outpost is situated to the south of the village of Adh Dhahiriya, just north of the so-called "Tina" colony in Hebron. It includes a collection of caravans, livestock pens, and apiaries.

13. An Outpost near "Joret al-Khail" community: This colonial outpost is situated to the west of the so-called "Mitsad Asfar" colony, close to Joret al-Khail community

and the villages of Sa'ir and Ash-Shuyukh in Hebron Governorate. It is an agricultural outpost consisting of tents, caravans, and livestock.

Map showing the colonial outposts established in the southern region of the West Bank.



14. An outpost in Duma Village/Nablus: This outpost is located in Duma Village and contains a tent and a caravan.

15- An outpost in Beita/Nablus: This outpost is situated on Mount Qammas in the village of Beita, Nablus, and includes a caravan along with a group of tents.

16- An outpost near Tel/Nablus (Havat Gilad): This outpost is located near the village of "Tel" in Nablus Governorate and was established in April 2025.

17- An outpost on Huwwara Land: This outpost is found in Huwwara, specifically in Jabal Zeid area, north of Za'tara in Nablus, and consists of two tents.

18- An outpost between Aqraba and Majdal Bani Fadel: This outpost is positioned between Aqraba and Majdal Bani Fadel in Nablus. It comprises a farm with barracks, and the land has been leveled for grape cultivation. This outpost was established on March 21, 2025.

19- An outpost in Asira al-Shamaliya: This agricultural outpost is located in Asira al-Shamaliya, Nablus. It comprises tents and livestock and was established on April 8, 2025.

20- A colonial Outpost in Qaryut: it is situated near the so-called “Shiloh” colony (Nof Hamishkhan) in the village of Qaryut, Nablus Governorate. This outpost was established in January 2025 to expand the main colony. It consists of a group of tents and livestock.

21- An outpost in Qalqilia on Kafr Qaddum Lands: it is a residential outpost comprises ten caravans. Ten families moved in there in June 2025.

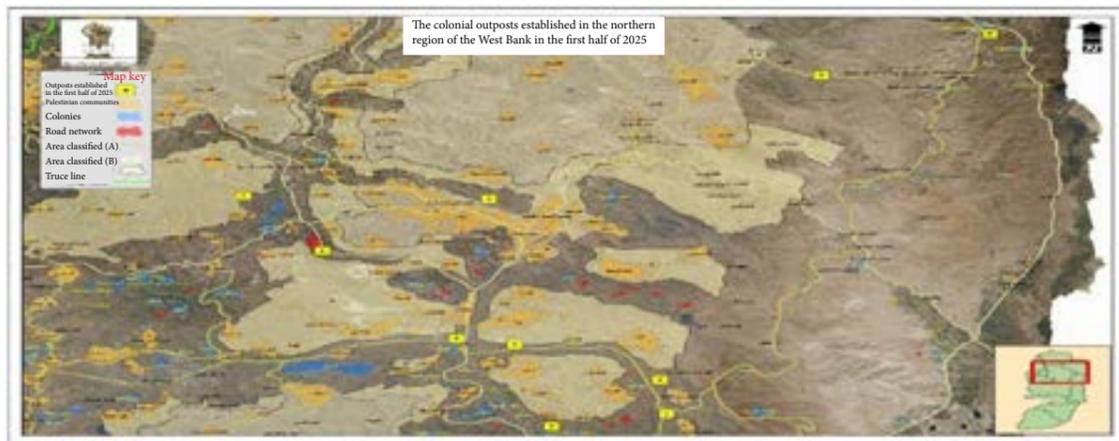
22. An Outpost near Tayasir Checkpoint: This outpost is located in al Tayasir area in Tubas Governorate in the northern Jordan Valley. It was established for expansion purposes and includes tents and caravans. The outpost was erected on June 2, 2025.

23. An Outpost in al-Farisiyyah (Khallet al-Khader) area: This agricultural outpost, located in Tubas, consists of tents and a watchtower. It was established in January 2025.

Map showing the colonial outposts established in the northern region of the West Bank

### **B: Legalizing Colonial Outposts:**

**First: The decision to legalize 22 colonial outposts to convert them into fully established colonies.**



The Israeli occupying government has declared a strategic initiative to transform 22 colonial outposts into fully legalized colonies. This bold plan encompasses four colonial outposts in Ramallah Governorate, four in Jenin Governorate, and four in Hebron Governorate. Additionally, there are two colonial outposts in Nablus Governorate, one in Salfit Governorate, three in Jericho, three in the Jordan Valley, and one in Jerusalem.

The data shows that four of these colonial outposts are classified as full colonies in the databases of the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWR). This classification is due to the occupation’s approval of master plans for these outposts in recent years. Additionally, three outposts are classified as military outposts, with one specifically designated as a military observation site. There are also three outposts classified as religious outposts. Notably, the list includes two colonies that were evacuated in 2005 under the disengagement law, which was implemented and then amended in 2023. This amendment allowed for the return of colonies to the northern West Bank. Furthermore, five of the outposts are classified as completely new colonies.

It appears that the Israeli occupying state has a history of deception, previously announcing the establishment of new colonies claiming it was simply carrying out expansion operations. However, it is now revealing its true intentions to the world through the lies it has told over the years concerning the gradual encroachment on Palestinian land and the violation of the fundamental rights and national capabilities of the Palestinian people. The far-right government, which declared from its first day in power that settling colonial outposts would be a top priority, has continued to implement these plans to reshape Palestinian geography and undermine the possibility of establishing a Palestinian state. This government aims to impose a new reality on the ground through its colonial activities.

At the same time, we, in the CWRC, call on the international community to intervene clearly, truly and effectively to hold the Israeli occupying state accountable for its violations and disregard for international resolutions. The most recent of these resolutions includes the high-level advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice regarding the status of the occupation and colonial outposts, as well as Security Council Resolution No. 2334, which addresses the illegality of these colonies.

The colonial outposts that the Israeli occupying state intends to legalize:

	The outpost	Year of establishment	The present status	The nearby colony	Location
1	<sup>53</sup> Adi A'ad	1998	Colony	Shilo	Ramallah
2	Ahyia <sup>54</sup>	1997	Colony	Shilo	Ramallah
3	Nofit Brat <sup>55</sup>	1992	Colony		Jerusalem
4	A'tirot Adar	2023	Outpost	Giva'at Zeaif	Ramallah
5	A'anbar	New		Nilli	Ramallah
6	<b>A'anbar</b> <sup>56</sup>	1977	Colony		Jericho
7	kidim Aarba <sup>57</sup>		Outpost	Beit Hafra	Jericho
8	Mahni Jaddi	2018	Outpost/ military site	Maswah	Jordan Valley
9	E'r Hatmarim	new			Jericho
10	Jiba'onit			Hamdat	Jericho
11	Tibtis	New		Msikoot	Jordan Valley
12	Matsbeh Zeif	2004	Observation site	Maaleh Hafar	Hebron

<sup>53</sup>Originally classified as a colony by a master plan

<sup>54</sup> Originally classified as a colony by amending the area of influence

<sup>55</sup> classified as a colony by a master plan

<sup>56</sup> classified as a colony by a master plan

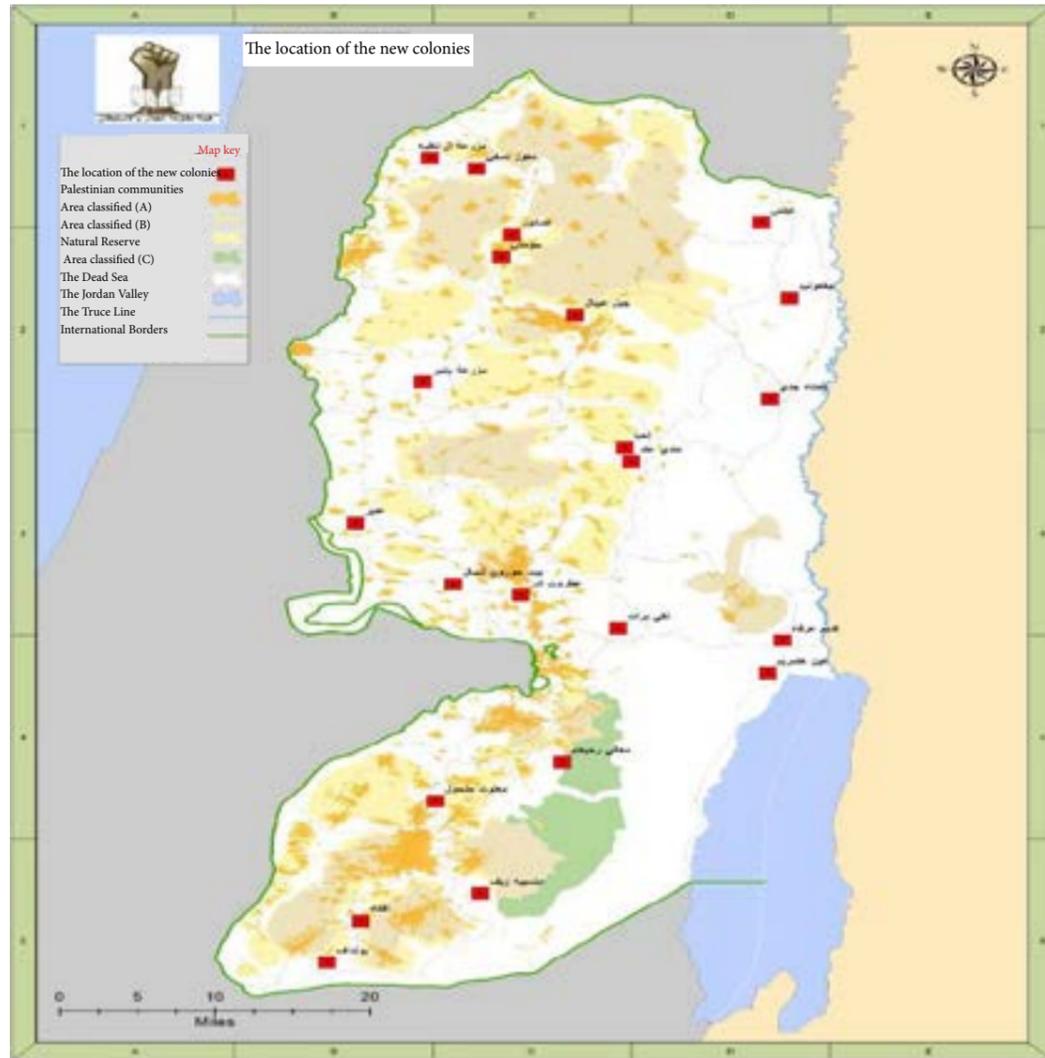
<sup>57</sup> its master plan is currently under study, with the final proposal presented in 2024

13	Al Nabi	2019	Outpost/ farm	Harmish	Jenin
14	Hafa'at Ya'ir	1999	Outpost	Nofim- yakir	Salfit
15	Ma'oz Tsefeh	2001	Outpost	Mifo Dutan	Jenin
16	Ma'lot Hahul	* 2019	Outpost/ military site	Karmi Tsur	Hebron
17	Afka			A'tna'el	Hebron
18	Undaf			Shama'	Hebron
19	Rahba'am			Majdalim	Nablus
20	Har Aibal	New	heritage site		Nablus
21	Sanur	Evacuated in 2005	resettlement decision		Jenin
22	Homish	Evacuated in 2005	Re-built in 2023		Jenin

Distribution of the outposts on the governorates

governorate	No. of outposts	Governorate	No. of outposts
Ramallah	4	Salfit	1
Jenin	4	Jericho	3
Hebron	4	Jordan valley	3
Nablus	2	Jerusalem	1

Map indicating the locations of the new colonial outposts



**Second: The Israeli Decision to Separate 13 Colonial Neighborhoods and Recognize Them as Full Colonies:** On March 23, 2025, the occupying government made a controversial decision to separate 13 colonial neighborhoods, officially designating them as independent colonies. This decision marks a significant move to reinforce settler colonialism in the Palestinian territories. The goal is to transform these neighborhoods into colonies that will receive the same privileges and services

from the occupying government as other established colonies. This action is intended to further disrupt and fragment Palestinian geography.

The neighborhoods mentioned in the Israeli government's statement include four in Ramallah Governorate, specifically near the so-called “Talmon” colony; four in Bethlehem Governorate; two in Salfit Governorate; one in Nablus; one in Jericho; and one in Tubas. Most of these neighborhoods were established as illegal colonial outposts two decades ago, and the Israeli occupying state has subsequently transformed them into neighborhoods. This action clearly violates the international law and the widespread international position rejecting colonial construction.

Initially, the Israeli occupying state concealed its plans by describing the construction of new colonies as merely neighborhoods designed to facilitate the natural growth of the colonists. However, in recent times, it has become evident that the Israeli occupying state is revealing its true agenda: the deliberate expansion of colonies that are strategically established to seize more land. This aggressive colonial expansion undermines the geographical contiguity of Palestinian villages and towns.

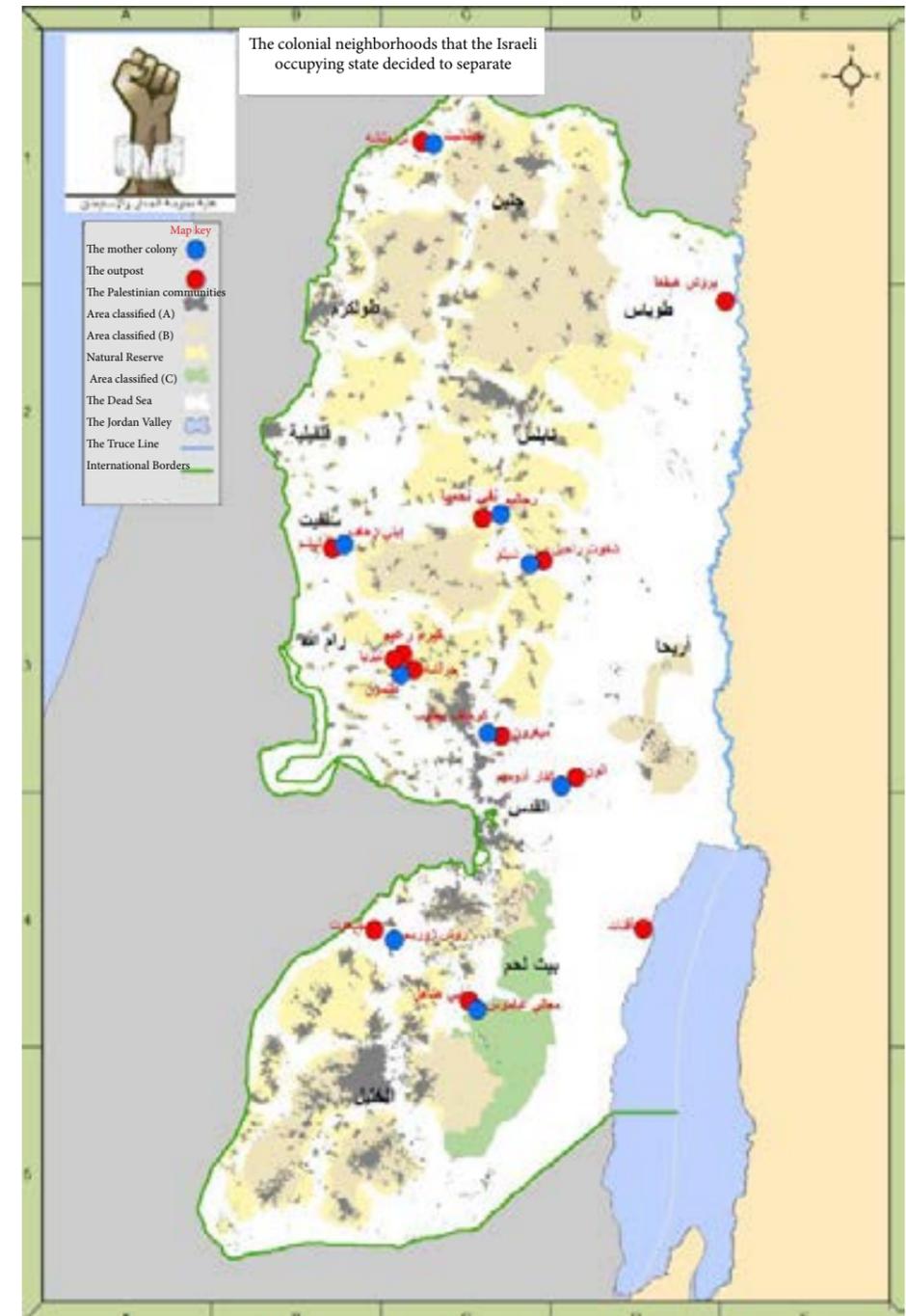
Most of the thirteen colonial neighborhoods that the Israeli occupying state has transformed into established colonies were officially designated as colonies by the CWRC, not merely neighborhoods. This designation underscores the underlying motives of the Israeli occupation, particularly given that these territories are geographically detached from the mother colony and are expanding independently on the Palestinian land.

The following table shows details of each colonial neighborhood and its specific spatial information.

The name of colony in Hebrew	Name of colony	Year of establishment	The mother colony	Governorate	Area in dunums

אלון	Alon	1990	Kfar Adomim	Bethlehem	221 dunums
חרשה	Harrasha	1997	Talmon	Ramallah	
כרם רעים	Kirm Ra'im	2011	Talmon	Ramallah	98 dunums
נריה	Niria (Talmon B)	1991	Talmon	Ramallah	210 dunums
מגרון	Migoron	2011	Kokhaf Yaaqoub	Ramallah	56 dunums
שבות רחל	Shafoot Rahil	1991	Shilo	Nablus	140 dunums
אבנת	Afnat	1983		The dead sea/ Bethlehem	87 dunums
ברוש הבקעה	Brosh Habqa'a	1983		Jordan valley/ Tubas	
לשם	Lishim	2013	A'lia Zahav	Salfit	
נופי נחמיה	Nafi Nahmia	2002	Rehalim	Salfit	55 dunums
טל מנשה	Tal Mansha	1992	Hananit	Jenin	173 dunums
איבי הנחל	Abi Hanhal	1997	Ma'aleh A'amous	Bethlehem	49 dunums
גבעות	Jaba'ut	1984	Alon Shafot	Bethlehem	54 dunums

A map of the colonial neighborhoods that the Israeli occupying state decided to separate



### C- Forced Displacement of Bedouin Communities:

During the reporting period, the measures taken by the Israeli occupation led to the displacement of three Palestinian communities, which included 65 families of 533 individuals. In addition, 29 Palestinian Bedouin communities, consisting of 266 families and 1,517 individuals, were displaced from their homes to other locations after October 7, 2023

	Name of the community	governorate	No. of families	No. of individuals
1	Maghyer al Deir	Ramallah	30	323
2	Kherbat Samra	Jordan valley	5	33
3	Arab al Mlihat	Jericho	30	177
Total			65	533

### D- Land Expropriation, Land Confiscation in the first half of 2025:

During the first half of 2025, the Israeli occupation authorities confiscated 1362 dunums (a dunum is 1,000 meters square) under various pretexts (declaring natural reserves, expropriation orders, seizure orders). Specifically, the Israeli government issued 36 seizure orders targeting 360.664 dunams, an expropriation order confiscating a total of (257,594) dunums to pave a colonial road and an order declaring 744 dunums as state lands.



### Details of military orders:

The table below shows the military orders issued to expropriate Palestinian lands, categorized by the nature, type, and geographical location of each order:

	Type of order	No. of order	Area	Village	Governorate	Purpose of order
1	Seizure order	25/1/T	2.906	Arab al Ta'amra	Bethlehem	Buffer zone around the so-called "Nikodim" colony
2	Seizure order	25/100/T	4	Deir Sharaf	Nablus	Military site
3	Seizure order	25/8/T	0.662	Al Sawia	Nablus	Colonial road
4	Seizure order	25/13/T	3.044	Hebron	Hebron	Colonial road
5	Seizure order	25/3/T	45.12	Al khader	Bethlehem	Buffer zone around the so-called "Ifrata" colony
6	Seizure order	25/3/T	5.218	Tammun	Tubas	Colonial road
7	Seizure order	25/36/T	2.224	Burin	Nablus	نقطة عسكرية
8	Seizure order	25/37/T	1.203	Azun	Qalqilia	نقطة عسكرية
9	Seizure order	25/38/T	4.821	Huwwara	Nablus	سياج عسكري
10	Seizure order	25/54/T	2.938	Arab al rashayda	Bethlehem	Colonial road
11	Seizure order	24/56/T	7.311	Qabalan/ Beita	Nablus	Buffer zone around the so-called "Avitar" colony
12	Seizure order	25/59/T	23.702	Shibtin/ Deir Ammar/ Deir Qadis	Ramallah	Buffer zone around the so-called "Na'aleh" colony
13	Seizure order	25/60/T	3.645	Shibtin Deir Qadis	Ramallah	Colonial road
14	Seizure order	25/68/T	14.917	Fara'ata/ Jit / Tal	Qalqilia. Nablus	Buffer zone around the so-called "Hafat Gela 'ad" colony
15	Seizure order	25/70/T	2.374	Awarta	Nablus	Colonial road
16	Seizure order	25/74/T	9.909	Al fara'a valley	Tubas	Buffer zone around the so-called "Mahni Jedi" colony
17	Seizure order	25/77/T	9.261	Auja/ Tayba/ Rammun/ Nwea'meh	Ramallah. Jericho	Colonial road
18	Seizure order	25/79/T	4.344	Silwad	Ramallah	Colonial road
19	Seizure order	25/82/T	13.483	Beit Dajan	Nablus	Colonial road
20	Seizure order	25/83/T	3.317	Tubas	Tubas	Colonial road
21	Seizure order	25/9/T	0.405	Al Naqura/ deir Sharaf	Nablus	Colonial road
22	Seizure order	25/1/M/D	2.791	Hares	Salfit	Military site
23	Seizure order	25/2/.M.D	13.117	Bruqin	Salfit	Preventing from access
24	Seizure order	24/113/T	1.452	Irtas	Bethlehem	Colonial road
25	Seizure order	23/17/T	5.888	Deir Ghassaneh/ al Lebban	Ramallah	Buffer zone around the so-called "Beit Areh" colony
26	Seizure order	25/95/T	1.146	Dura	Hebron	Colonial road
27	Seizure order	24/28/T	0.683	Hebron	Hebron	Colonial road
28	Seizure order	25/63/T	2.746	Yatta	Hebron	Buffer zone around the so-called "Gefa'at Hanan" colony
29	Seizure order	25/67/T	1.413	Yatta	Hebron	Colonial road
30	Seizure order	25/109/T	30.87	Beit Dajan	Nablus	Colonial road
31	Seizure order	25/118/T	2.202	Yaa'bad	Jenin	Colonial site with a road

32	Seizure order	25/107/T	101.57	Tubas/ Raya	Tubas	Colonial road
33	Seizure order	25/88/T	10.122	Sinjil	Ramallah	Colonial road
34	Seizure order	25/110/T	3.021	Yatta	Hebron	Colonial road
35	Seizure order	25/108/T	7.737	Yatta	Hebron	Colonial road
36	Seizure order	25/104/T	11.102	Hizma/ Jaba'	Jerusalem	Colonial road
1	Expropriation order	24/5/H*	257.594	Jaba' / Kfer Aqab/ al ram /Qalandia	Jerusalem	
		<b>Total</b>	<b>618.258</b>	dunums		

### **First: Seizure Orders:**

During the first half of 2025, the Israeli occupation authorities issued 36 seizure orders to confiscate 360.664 dunums for military and security purposes. It is important to note that 8 orders of the recent military orders, are considered an actual implementation of the “buffer zones” bill proposed by the Israeli Finance Minister, Bezalel Smotrich. This bill aims to exploit the security conditions and the laws of war and emergency in order to seize more Palestinian lands. In fact, these confiscated lands do not only constitute buffer zones around the colonies, but rather they prevent Palestinian citizens from accessing vast areas of their lands. The same thing will be repeated to include more colonies, thus preventing Palestinian citizens from accessing more lands

The following orders are examples on Seizure Orders for security and military purposes:

The following table shows the military orders that aimed to create buffer zones around the colonies.

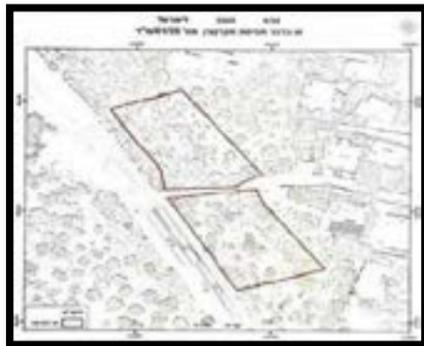
	Type of order	No of order	Area	Village	Governorate	Purpose of order
1	Seizure order	T25/1/	2.906	Arab al Ta'amrah	Bethlehem	Buffer zone around the so-called "Nikodim" colony
2	Seizure order	T25/3/	45.12	Al khader	Bethlehem	Buffer zone around the so-called "Ifrata" colony
3	Seizure order	T24/56/	7.311	Qabalan/ Beita	Nablus	Buffer zone around the so-called "Avitar" colony
4	Seizure order	T25/59/	23.702	Shibtin/ Deir Ammar/ Deir Qadis	Ramallah	Buffer zone around the so-called "Na'aleh" colony
5	Seizure order	T25/68/	14.917	Fara'ata/ Jit/ Tal	Qalqilia. Nablus	Buffer zone around the so-called "Hafat Gela'ad" colony
6	Seizure order	T25/74	9.909	Al fara'a valley	Tubas	Buffer zone around the so-called "Mahni Jedi" colony
7	Seizure order	T23/17/	5.888	Deir Ghassaneh/ al Lebban	Ramallah	Buffer zone around the so-called "Beit Areh" colony
8	Seizure order	T25/63/	2.746	Yatta	Hebron	Buffer zone around the so-called "Gefa'at Hanan" colony

**The most prominent seizure orders issued in the first half of 2025:**



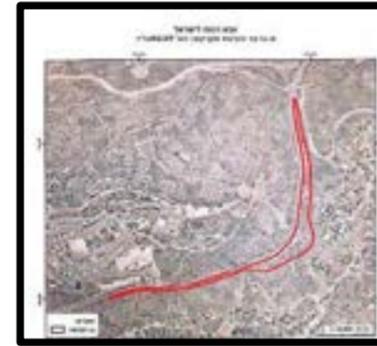
**The first order**, numbered T/70/25, targeted a total of 2.374 dunums of land in the village of Awarta in Nablus Governorate, specifically in the Thulth Abdullah area, to construct a security road extending from the entrance of the colony to the main road.

**The second order**, targeted 5 dunums and 218 square meters of land from the town of Tammun in Tubas Governorate to construct a road connecting the so-called “Beka’ot” colony to the main road.



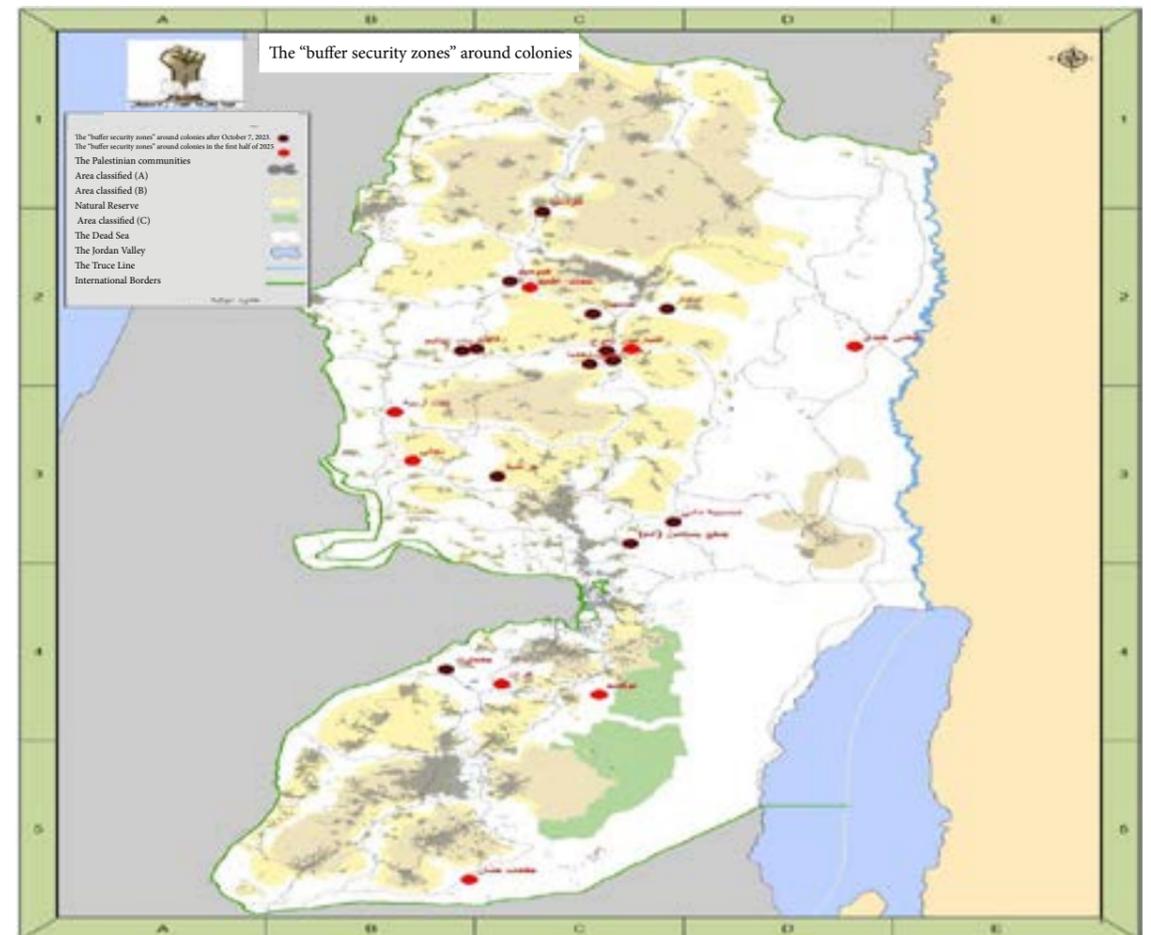
**The third order** targeted 2.791 dunums of land from the village of Haris in the Salfit governorate under the pretext of a military and security seizure order, numbered M.D/1/25. This military order aims to establish military posts along the road adjacent to the town of Haris.

**The fourth order** targeted 45.12 dunums from the lands of Al-Khadir Village in Bethlehem Governorate under the pretext of land seizure for military and security purposes. This order carries the no. T\25\3 and aims to establish a buffer zone around the colony of Efrat established on the lands of Bethlehem Governorate.



**The fifth order**, numbered (M.D/25/2), targeted an area of 13.117 dunums of land from the village of Bruqin in the Salfit Governorate under the pretext of seizure for military purposes. The order aims to take control of the specified area, located between the village’s lands and the so-called “Brukhin” colony built on privately-owned Palestinian land. The goal is to seize the red-marked zone shown on the map; a circular area surrounded and encompassing an internal area of 232.503 dunums of citizens' land planted with various types of trees.

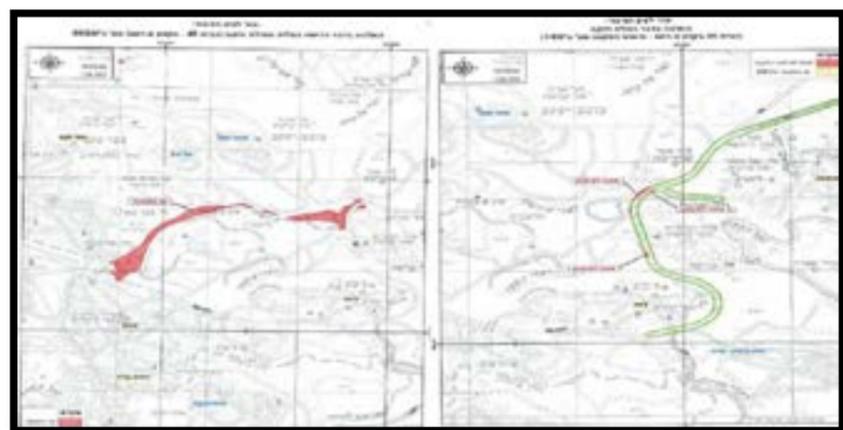
Map showing the locations of the “buffer security zones” around colonies after October 7, 2023.



**Second: Land Expropriation Orders:**

	Type of order	No. of order	Area	Village	Governorate
1	Expropriation order	5/24/أ	257.594	Jaba', Kfer Aqab, al ram, Mukhamas and Qalandia	Jerusalem
	Total		257.594	Dunums	

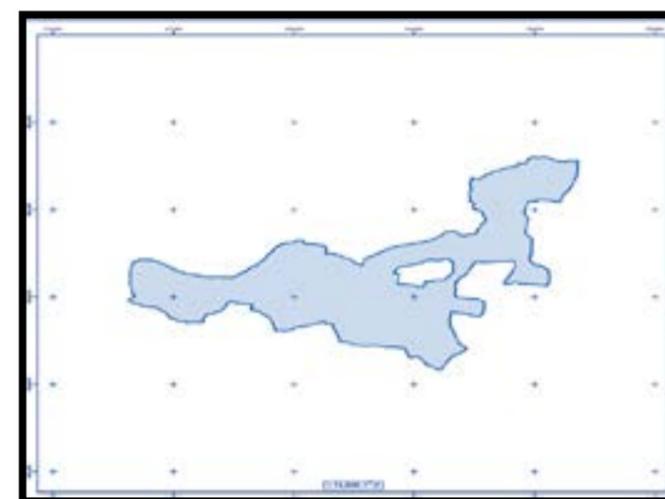
The Israeli occupation state confiscated 257,594 dunums of citizens' lands in the villages of Jaba, Kafr Aqab, Al-Ram, Mukhamas, and Qalandia in the northern part of Jerusalem Governorate. This was done through the expropriation order No. (H/24/5), aimed at expanding Road No. 45, which connects Road 60 near the industrial area of the so-called “Benjamin and Kochav Yaakov” colony, extending to the Qalandia checkpoint. A second order, numbered (H/83/1), was issued, granting the right to confiscate an additional 4,694 dunums of land in the area. Thus, the total land confiscated by the Israeli occupation state in the first half of 2025 is 262,288 dunums, based on the two expropriation orders, with the maps for these areas provided below.



**Third: State Land Declaration Orders:** The Israeli occupation authorities announced their seizure of 744 dunams of al-Mughayyir and Jaba'it lands, located to

the northeast of Ramallah. This action falls under a new declaration called "State Lands" number 1/25, a designation that the Israeli occupying state often uses to control and confiscate additional land. This declaration specifically targets the area where the so-called “Malachi Hashalom” colonial outpost is situated, which was established in 2015 on land belonging to the village of al-Mughayyir. The Israeli occupation authorities intend to use this land seizure to legalize the status of the so-called “Malachi Hashalom” colonial outpost, which constitutes a new extension of the number of outposts located in the region. This is the same outpost for which the Israeli occupation government announced its intention to legalize two years ago, during the formation of the far-right fascist government.

The map attached to the state lands declaration



**Fourth: Orders to take Security Measures:** Since the beginning of 2025, the Israeli occupation authorities have issued 17 military orders under the title of "Security Measures Orders." These orders specifically target trees and crops in areas classified as “security-sensitive” by the occupying force. Using a map attached to the military order, the Israeli authorities remove trees and crops from these

designated areas, claiming they pose a security threat to either a military or a colonial site identified on the map.

In total, since the beginning of 2025 the Israeli occupying state has targeted an area of 385 dunams distributed across most governorates, systematically removing trees and crops. In certain orders, such as with Order No. 5/25 in Sinjil village north of Ramallah, the Israeli authorities targeted trees that extended alongside the barbed wire fence they had erected. In the village of Bruqin, located in Salfit Governorate, the Israeli occupying state declared the area a military and security seizure zone before issuing Order No. 6/25 to enforce security measures.

	No. of order	Area/ dunum	Village	Notes
1	25/1	5.139	Beit Ommar / al Khader	
2	25/2	1.49	Beit Ommar/ Nahhalin	
3	25/3	2.94	Beita /al Khader/ Bethlehem	
4	25/3	15.1	Madma / Burin /Nablus	
5	25/4	65.312	Hares/ Kefl Hares /Salfit	
6	25/5	9.418	Senjil / Ramallah	Extension of the barbed wire fence
7	25/6	232.503	Bruqin/ Salfit	Military Order No. (M.D.2/25)
8	25/7	6.432	Huwwara/ Beita	
9	25/9	13.525	Burqa /Nablus	
10	25/10	6.274	Burin/ Tal	
11	25/12	1.757	Turmusa'ya / Ramallah	

12	25/13	2.8	Huwwara/ Nablus	
13	25/14	2.5	Zabuba/ Jenin	
14	25/14	12.32	Tarqumiya	
15	25/15	2.97	Zabuba/ Jenin	
16	25/16	2.7	Allebban al Sharqiya. Nablus	
17	25/17	1.85	Al Sawya/ Nablus	
	Total	<b>385.03</b>	<b>Dunums</b>	

### **E: Expanding the borders of the colonies' area of influence**

#### **First: Expanding the area of influence of the Jordan Valley Regional Council**

On January 29, 2025, the so-called “Civil Administration” announced its intention to legalize the Mitzpe Karamim colonial outpost by incorporating it into the zone of influence of the Kochav HaShahar colony, within the so-called “Mateh Binyamin Regional Council”, located in Palestinian land east of Ramallah Governorate. This would allow for the initiation of planning to regulate the outpost. The Mitzpe Karamim outpost is situated to the east of the Kochav HaShahar colony, which was established in 1999 on private Palestinian land. The citizens fought a legal battle against the occupation, and in 2022, the Israeli occupation’s court decided to legalize the outpost, claiming it was established in good faith by the colonizers.

A map shows the intention to expand the so-called “Kochav HaShahar colony”

#### **F- Military Orders Allocating Land for Colonizers’ Grazing:**

On February 10, 2025, the so-called Custodian of Government Property in the occupation’s “Civil Administration” issued 6 military orders allocating a total of 16,200 dunums of land for the benefit of colonizers’ grazing activities. These orders



further restrict Palestinian herders from accessing these lands and grant colonizers full authority to use them. The first order targeted lands in the governorates of Salfit and Ramallah, specifically the villages of Deir Ballut and Al-Lubban al-Gharbi, allocating 2,600 dunums for colonizers’ grazing. These areas were previously declared as state lands. The second, third, and fourth orders targeted Ramallah



Governorate, specifically the village of Kafr Malik, allocating 1,505 dunums, and the lands of Deir Jarir, with two orders allocating 4,900 dunums for the same purpose. The fifth order targeted lands in the Al-Far’a Valley in Jericho Governorate, allocating 426 dunums, while the sixth order targeted 8,700 dunums of land in the city of Tubas.

This step, with its inherent dangers, comes within the framework of what has been repeatedly announced regarding the occupation government's intention to legalize the status of 70 agricultural and pastoral colonial outposts as part of the coalition agreements between the parties forming the occupation government. The allocation of land for grazing purposes will solidify these outposts by granting them vast areas, turning them into centers and launching points for further terrorist attacks against Palestinian citizens and their properties. It is worth noting that by the end of 2024, the number of pastoral outposts had reached a total of 137 agricultural and pastoral outposts, preventing citizens from accessing a total of 489,000 dunums of land.

#### **G- Land Registration Deals<sup>58</sup>:**

The Israeli occupation authorities continue to create an environment that facilitates the establishment of Israeli colonial institutions aimed at seizing private Palestinian lands and properties. This is achieved by amending local laws that were originally designed to protect these lands from being transferred to foreign parties, enacting new legislation through military orders, and offering assistance and protection to those involved in these actions. Additionally, there is a lack of accountability for those who commit these offenses.

<sup>58</sup> This part of the report was prepared in cooperation with the Society of Arab Studies /Jerusalem.

During the first half of 2025, the Wall and Settlement Resistance Commission monitored 12 real estate, the aim of which was to change and falsify the ownership of Palestinian lands for the benefit of colonial companies.

10431	Har Hamikdash 2019 J. Ze'ev	47.758	4 June	Bitunia
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No. of the deal	Name of company	Area/ dunums	Date of announcement of the deal	Village/ town
10476	Bonnie Ofarim/Beit Aryeh .M.D	132	3 January	A 'bud
10432	KSA Real Estate M.D.	19.079	10 January	Bitunia
1/9449	Nitzan Elkana M.D	32.238	31 January	Masha
10559	Renta Investment M.D.	39.408	23 February	Beit Ijza
10563	DD Homeland M.D	12.462	5 March	Bitunia
10464	Rose of the Middle East MD	15.048	5 March	Bitunia
10562	DD Homeland M.D	11.574	5 March	Bitunia
9500/2	Buni al kanat Md	18.722	19 March	Al Zawyia
9687/2	Buni al kanat Md	44.387	19 March	Al Zawyia
9174/2	Al wadia'Nechasim and Hashkaot .M.D	16.42	4 April	Masha
9604/2	Baynamuna Ali Zahaf M D	62.32	11 May	Kafir Al Dik
10429	Har Hamikdash 2019 J. Ze'ev	17.016	4 June	Bitunia

## Chapter Four:

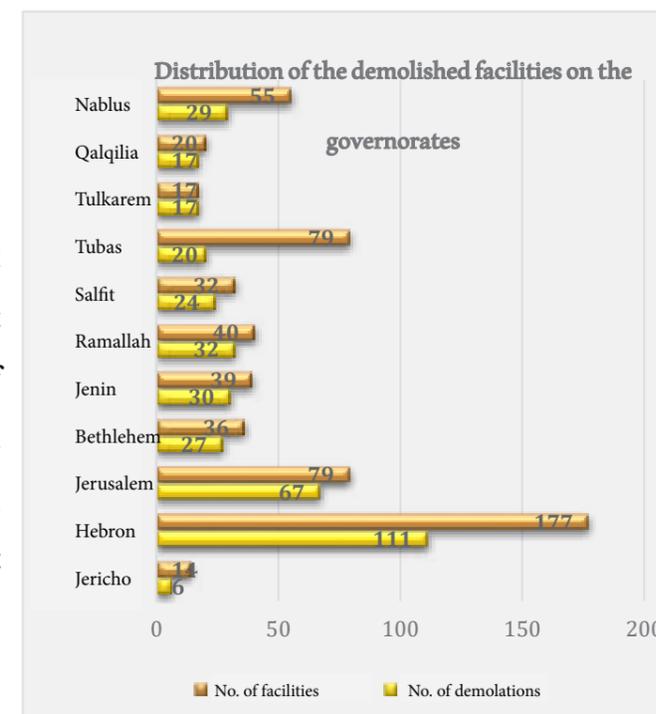
### Procedures & Measures of the Israeli Occupation Authorities Against Palestinian Facilities

- a. Demolition Operations
- b. Demolition Notifications

## Procedures & Measures of the Israeli Occupation Authorities against Palestinian Facilities

### A. Demolition operations

According to the database of the Colonization and Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC), the Israeli Occupation Authorities have carried 380 demolitions that targeted 588 facilities in the West Bank including Jerusalem. Most of the demolitions were concentrated in Hebron Governorate which witnessed 111 demolitions that caused the demolition of 177 facilities. Meanwhile, 67 demolition operations were



documented in Jerusalem Governorate, causing the demolition of 79 facilities. Next, 32 demolitions were recorded in Ramallah & al Bireh governorate, causing the demolition of 40 facilities. The following chart shows that the demolitions were concentrated in the central and southern parts of the West Bank (see also the notifications section).

Given the significance of the demolition operations occurring in the Tulkarm, Noor Shams, and Jenin camps in the West Bank, which are a result of the Israeli military campaign, a dedicated section has been included in the report titled "Israeli Aggression in the West Bank Camps" on page 27. Regarding demolition operations there is an inseparable relationship between demolition operations and the issued notification. Based on this, most of the demolitions are concentrated in the central

and southern areas of the West Bank, where the Israeli occupation seeks to displace and expel their residents in favor of the settler-colonial project. The demolitions carried out in the first half of 2025 included the following facilities: inhabited houses, uninhabited houses, under-construction buildings, agricultural facilities, mobile homes (caravans), commercial and industrial barracks, and wells.

**The number of facilities that were demolished distributed per governorates & type of facility:**

Governorate	Type of facility					Total
	Inhabited Facility	Uninhabited Facility	source of livelihood	Agricultural Facility	Other facilities	
Jericho	1	1	2	9	1	14
Hebron	112	7	6	34	18	177
Jerusalem	49	1	3	22	4	79
Bethlehem	11	2	9	13	1	36
Jenin	19	-	12	2	6	39
Ramallah	14	1	1	23	1	40
Salfit	17	1	6	8	-	32
Tubas	53	3	2	12	9	79
Tulkarm	12	-	1	1	3	17
Qalqilia	6	1	2	9	2	20
Nablus	28	1	4	18	4	55
<b>Total</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>588</b>

Here, we compare the number of demolitions and demolished facilities perpetrated by the Israeli occupation authorities in the West Bank governorates over the past three years (2023, 2024, and 2025)



In the first half of 2023, demolition operations were primarily concentrated in the governorates of Jerusalem, Hebron and Nablus Governorate. In the first half of 2024, demolition operations were primarily concentrated in the governorates of Jerusalem, Hebron and Jenin. Meanwhile, in the first half of 2025, the demolition efforts intensified and were concentrated in the governorates of Hebron, Jerusalem and Ramallah & al Bireh.

**b. Demolition Notifications:**

The demolition notifications which are usually issued by the Israeli Occupation Authorities in the West Bank are considered one of the colonial tools of besieging the Palestinians in the area classified “C” and preventing them from urban development and expansion there, since the Israeli occupation imposes its control over planning in those areas and deprives the Palestinians from their right to prepare master plans and rejects them if they are submitted. Such measures aim to exploit area “C”, which represents 61% of the West Bank’s total area. However, the Israeli

Occupation seeks to keep this area as a strategic reserve for the colonial expansion in the future

In the first half the Israeli occupation authorities issued 556<sup>59</sup> demolition notices for Palestinian facilities under the pretext of lack of a license. The majority of these notices were concentrated in Hebron Governorate, which witnessed 145 notices, followed by Ramallah Governorate, which received 131 notices. The remaining notices were distributed among the governorates of Jerusalem, Tulkarm, Salfit and Nablus<sup>60</sup>.

Those who follow the geographical distribution of the demolition notifications will notice how they are concentrated in the south of Hebron, particularly in Masafer Yatta area, which is in danger of complete forcible displacement. The map below demonstrates how the area is almost completely surrounded by demolition notifications.

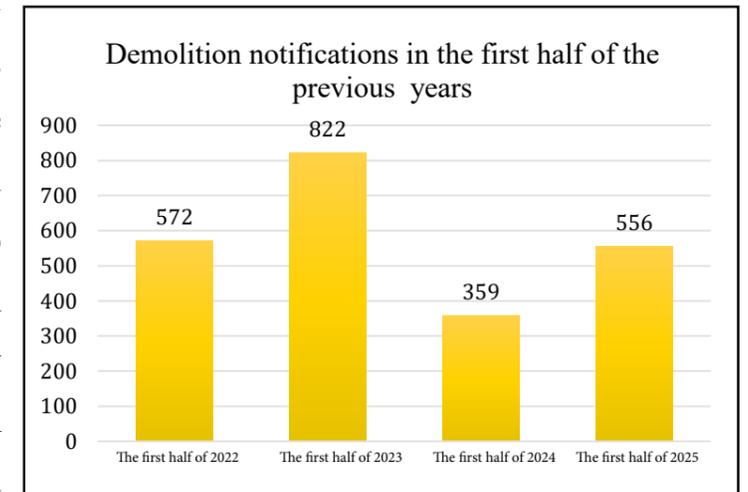
The attached data (see sidebar) indicate that there has been a slight increase in the number of notifications distributed in the first half of 2025 compared to the first half of 2024. Nonetheless, the two years showed a decline compared to their counterparts in 2023 and 2022, which were influenced by the war or just preceded it, particularly in the initial months of the war

Governorate	No. of notifications
Jericho	46
Hebron	145
Jerusalem	43
Bethlehem	54
Jenin	20
Ramallah	131
Tubas	15
Tulkarm	24
Qalqilia	49
Nablus	17
Salfit	12
Total	556

<sup>59</sup> This part of the report was carried out in cooperation between the CWRC, the Saint Yves Foundations, and the Jerusalem Legal Aid Center

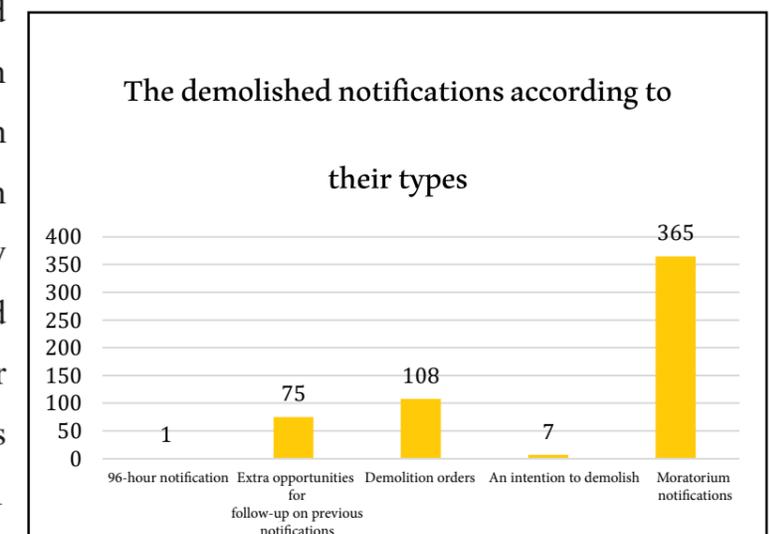
<sup>60</sup> The Commission's field observations indicate that there are a significant number of notifications that do not reach Governmental and non-governmental institutions interested in monitoring violations and legal follow-ups. As a result, they are not included in the statistics mentioned in this report

However, the emergence of new types of notifications, especially the administrative ones targeting the Eastern Bethlehem Reserve, also known as the Convention Reserve, presents a new challenge for the Palestinian legal efforts to monitor and



follow up these actions. Furthermore, the analysis suggests that this decline is likely temporary. It reflects the significant systematic and structural changes that the occupying state has implemented within the administrative framework of occupation. These changes have granted colonizers increased authority over land, colonization, and planning departments. As a result, there is a greater targeting of Palestinian land and construction, reflected in both demolition notifications and carrying out large and extensive demolition operations in the coming stage.

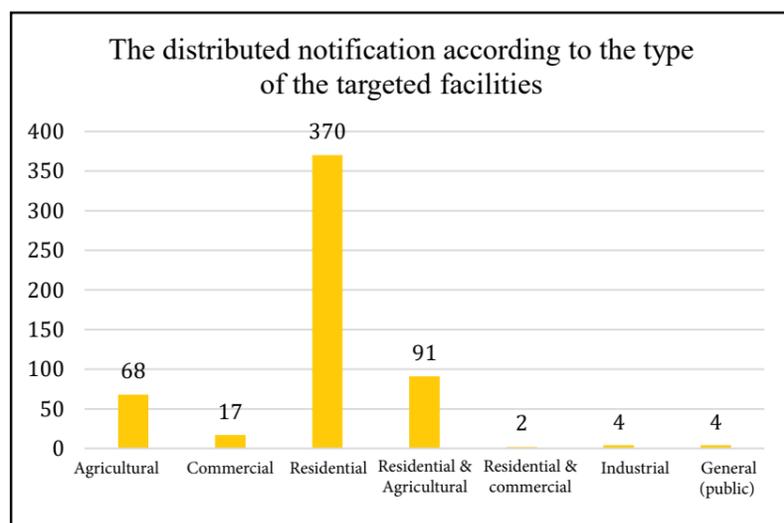
According to the data documented by the CWRC, the occupation authorities issued 635 moratorium notifications for Palestinian facilities. Additionally, they issued 108 demolition orders and granted 75 extra opportunities for follow-up on previous notifications. There was also 1 notification issued under the



2018 amendment of Military Order 1797, commonly referred to as a 96-hour notification.

In terms of the type of targeted facilities, the analysis of demolition notices issued in the first half of 2025 reveals that residential facilities were the most frequently targeted, receiving 370 demolition notices. Meanwhile, the facilities which are considered both residential and agriculture, were the second most targeted, receiving 91 notices for demolition.

Additionally, agricultural facilities received 68 notifications, while commercial facilities received 18 notices. Lastly, public buildings were the least affected, receiving 4 demolition notices. It is important to note that retaliatory demolitions carried out by the Israeli occupying authorities against the homes of citizens accused of carrying out “terrorist actions”, do not fall within the classifications of punitive planning measures taken by the occupying state against Palestinian construction. These actions are separate from the broader campaign against Palestinian construction, which is often justified by claims of building without license or without master plans

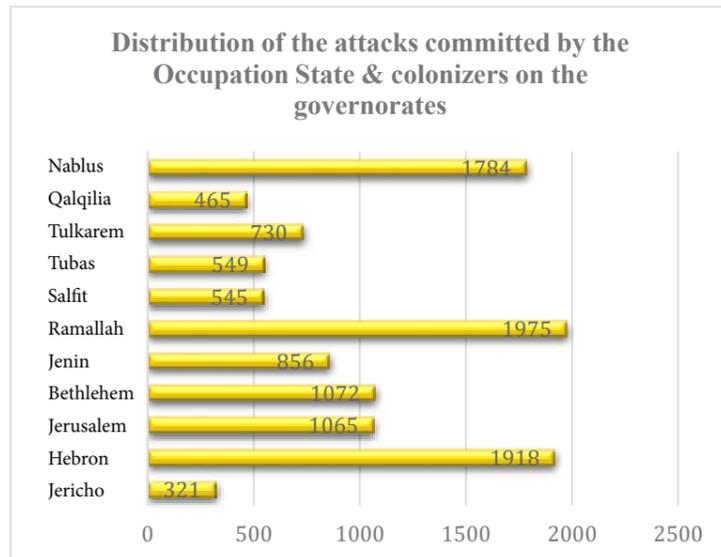


## Chapter 5: Attacks of the Israeli Occupation Apparatuses and its Colonizers on Palestinian Citizens, Their Properties & Holy Places.

- A- Colonizers’ attacks.
- B- Attacks on Citizens
- C- Attacks on Lands and Natural Resources
- D- Attacks on Trees and Crops
- E- Attacks on Palestinians’ Properties & Holy Places.

**Attacks of the Israeli Occupation Apparatuses and its Colonizers on the Palestinian Citizens, their Properties & Holy places.**

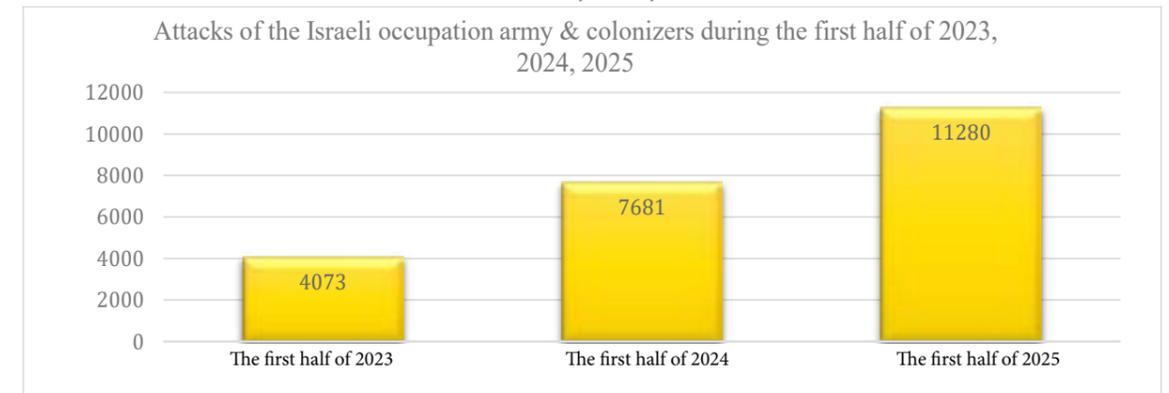
In the first half of 2025, the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC) monitored 11280 attacks. These attacks were carried out by the various bodies of the occupying state, including its colonial militia, against Palestinian citizens and their property. Of these attacks, 9127 were perpetrated by the Israeli army, while 2153 attacks were perpetrated by colonial militias against Palestinian citizens and their property. These attacks included killing, physical injuries resulting from live ammunition or tear gas, as well as incursions, sabotage, confiscation of property, bulldozing lands, and uprooting trees.



However, these attacks were concentrated in the governorate of Ramallah & al Bireh which witnessed 1975 attacks, followed by Hebron Governorate (1918 attacks), then Nablus Governorate (1784) attacks. Meanwhile, 1072 attacks were recorded in Bethlehem governorate, and 1065 attacks in Jerusalem governorate. These governorates experienced intensive attacks, amounting to 69% of the total attacks. The situation in the other governorates was similarly dire. The governorate of Jenin experienced over 800 attacks. Meanwhile, Tulkarm governorate was subjected to more than 700 attacks. In addition, the governorates of Salfit, Tubas and reported at

least five hundred attacks each. These attacks included 2916 attacks on property and holy places, 648 attacks on lands and natural resources, 7716 attacks on citizens

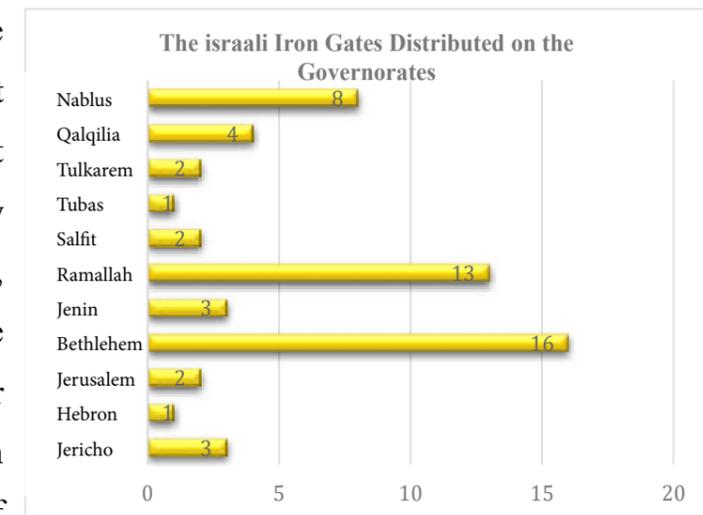
A comparison of the total violations of the Israeli occupation army and colonizers during the first half of 2023, 2024, 2025



It's important to highlight that in the first half of 2023, the attacks of the Israeli occupation were primarily focused in the governorates of Nablus, Jenin, and Ramallah. In the first half of 2024, these attacks shifted to the governorates of Hebron, Jerusalem, and Nablus. Then, in the first half of 2025, the majority of these attacks was in the governorates of Ramallah, Hebron, and Nablus.

**Israeli military checkpoints and iron gates:**

In the first half of 2025, the Documentation & Publication Department at the CWRC monitored the establishment of 916 Israeli checkpoints and military gates of various types in the West Bank, including East Jerusalem. These checkpoints were either permanent or temporary as well as iron gates, earth mounds, cement blocks, and other forms of barriers. The distribution of iron gates was as follows: the Bethlehem Governorate



had the highest concentration with 16 iron gates, followed by the Ramallah and Al-Bireh Governorate with 13 iron gates, and the Nablus Governorate with 8 iron gates.

the Israeli Military checkpoints, in various forms and classifications, are one of the tools of control used by the occupying Israeli state as part of its colonial settlement project. This project is based on the geographic and demographic fragmentation of the occupied



Palestinian territory. Alongside the colonial expansion in the West Bank, including Jerusalem, there has been the construction of bypass roads, the erection of the annexation wall, and the racist expansion deeper into the occupied Palestinian territory. Over the decades, the occupation forces have intensified the establishment of military checkpoints, which have transformed cities, villages, and camps into isolated "cantons." This isolation makes movement between these areas increasingly difficult, further reinforcing the policies of annexation.

Israeli military checkpoints and iron gates of all types, distributed by governorate.

Governorate	Nablus	Qalqilia	Tulkarm	Tubas	Salfit	Ramallah & al Bireh	Jenin	Bethlehem	Jerusalem	Hebron	Jericho	Total
Attack												
No. of checkpoints (9 of all types)	148	76	76	42	61	177	44	123	57	96	16	916

The establishment of military checkpoints and iron gates by Israel in the occupied Palestinian territories represents a clear violation of international humanitarian law and serves as a substantial barrier to the fundamental freedom of movement for

Palestinians. This ongoing situation not only contravenes international legal standards but also infringes upon basic human rights.

According to Article 13, paragraph 1, of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, "Everyone has the right to freedom of movement and to choose his place of residence within the borders of each state." Article 2, paragraph 2, further states, "Everyone has the right to leave any country, including his own, and to return to his country." Likewise, Article 12, paragraph 1, of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (1966) reinforces this principle by stating, "Everyone lawfully within the territory of a state has the right to liberty of movement and freedom to choose their residence". Article 2, paragraph 2, reiterates this important right— "Everyone has the right to leave any country, including their own".

Furthermore, Article 27 of the Fourth Geneva Convention for the Protection of Civilians in Time of War (1949) emphasizes the protection of individuals under military occupation, stating that "States Parties shall respect the rights of civilians to freedom of movement during armed conflicts".

#### **A. Colonizers' Attacks:**

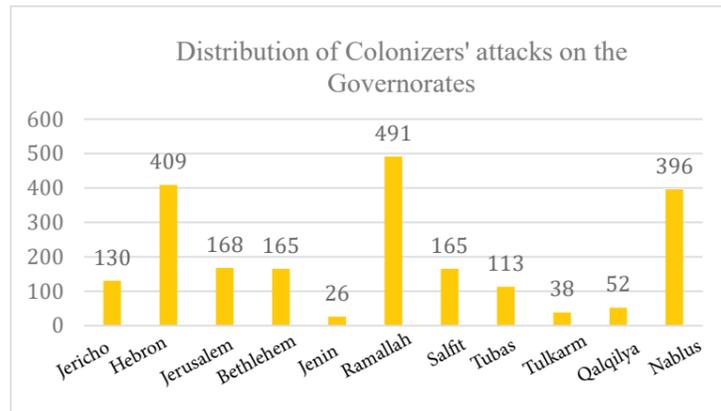
In the first half of 2025, and according to what was monitored and documented by the Colonization and Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC), the colonizers carried out 2153 organized attacks. These attacks varied between the occupation army's protection of the colonizers in their storming of Palestinian communities, breaking into Palestinian villages, confiscating citizens' property, drawing racist slogans on the walls, and bulldozing lands.

During the reporting period, 80 bulldozing operations were recorded, the most prominent of which occurred in the villages of Beita, Sinjil, Nahhalin, Ramin, Qusra, Burin Al-Lebban, Deir Dibwan, Kafr Malik, Aqraba, Jalud, Turmusa'ya, Qaryut, Huwwara, Yasuf, Masafer Yatta, Umm Safa, Jinsafut, Al-Mughayyir, Duma, Burqa, and numerous other Palestinian villages. Furthermore, Palestinian vehicles were

badly attacked by colonizers, either by damaging, burning, or drawing racist graffiti on these vehicles.

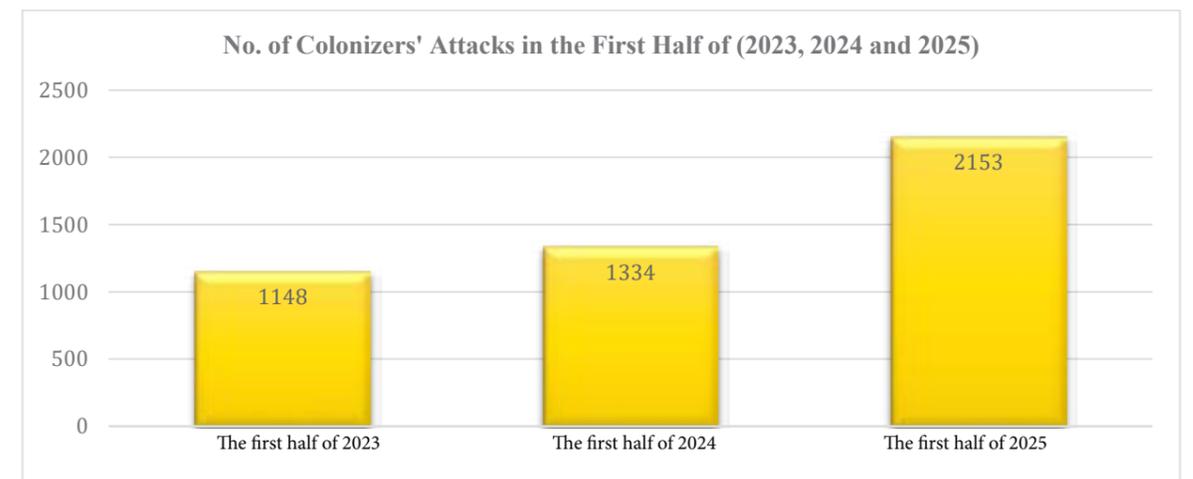
The most prominent of these colonial attacks was storming the holy places; among which are the squares of Al-Aqsa Mosque in the occupied city of Jerusalem, especially during the Jewish holidays and conducting Talmudic rituals there. That is, in the first half of 2025, 29917 Israeli colonizers, protected by the Israeli occupation army, carried out 139 raids into Al-Aqsa Mosque Square. Besides, 18140 colonizers carried out provocative tours under what is called “tourism to the squares of Al-Aqsa Mosque.”

In the first half of 2025, the Israeli incidents of violence escalated at the Ibrahimi Mosque in Hebron as occupation authorities imposed restrictions on prayer access. The situation peaked when the so-called “Israeli Minister of National Security”, Itamar Ben-Gvir, entered the mosque under heavy security. During Passover, the mosque was closed for Muslims’ worshippers but opened to colonizers for two days. The level of attacks intensified during the holy month of Ramadan as well, as the occupation authorities imposed restrictions on prayer in the Ibrahimi Mosque. The ongoing situation at the Ibrahimi Mosque represents a blatant and unprecedented attack on Muslims, provoking their feelings and demonstrating a disregard for the sanctity of religious rituals.



It is important to note that most of these attacks were concentrated in the Governorate of Ramallah & al Bireh which witnessed 491 attacks, followed by Hebron governorate where 409 attacks were recorded. Meanwhile, 296 attacks were documented in Nablus governorate. The other governorates also suffered similarly, with Jerusalem, Bethlehem, Salfit, Tubas, and Jericho each reporting over 100 attacks. The sidebar illustrates the increase in colonizers' attacks during the period covered by the report in comparison to previous periods.

A comparison of colonizers’ attacks in the West Bank governorates in the first half of 2023, 2024, and 2025



**Palestinian Martyrs due to colonizers’ attacks in the first half of 2025:** the number of martyrs due to colonizers’ violence in the first half of 2025 was 4. The following table provides details and names of the martyrs:

	Name of the martyr	Governorate	Date of martyrdom	Age	Condition of martyrdom
1	Mohammad Ahmed Mahmoud al Hoor	Surif/ Hebron	2025/6/19	48	Shooting fire
2	Lotfi Sabri Ba’irat	Kfir Malik / Ramallah	2025/6/25	18	Shooting fire

3	Murshid Nawwaf Hamayel	Kfer Malik/ Ramallah	2025/6/25	35	Shooting fire
4	Mohammad Qaher al Naji	Kafer Malik / Ramallah	2025/6/25	19	Shooting fire

**Colonizers' attacks on citizens distributed on the governorates:**

	Jericho	Hebron	Jerusalem	Bethlehem	Jenin	Ramallah	Salfit	Tubas	Tulkarm	Qalqilia	Nablus	Total
Martyrs	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	4
Attacks on citizens (Hitting)	9	53	8	15	-	27	18	23	5	1	17	176
Attacks on citizens (Running over)	1	1	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	6
blocking roads (restriction on movements)	5	6	1	9	-	16	1	3	-	3	20	64
Shooting fire	-	2	3	1	1	7	-	3	1	1	6	25
Attacks on lands and crops	-	111	2	19	9	116	25	7	7	4	57	357
Vandalism of properties	31	68	6	42	8	115	50	14	4	16	78	432
Thefts	6	30	3	14	4	29	11	9	8	4	33	151
Demolitions	-	3	-	3	1	1	3	1	-	1	2	15
Attacks on citizens	10	26	1	13	-	32	11	4	-	13	45	155
Attempts to establish outposts	4	7	-	5	-	14	6	10	1	2	14	63
Bulldozing lands	2	10	1	6	1	17	12	4	1	1	25	80
Intimidation	61	89	15	35	1	114	26	35	11	5	93	485
Attacks on holy places	1	2	128	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	138
Attack on natural resources	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>409</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>491</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>396</b>	<b>2153</b>

**Examples on the Colonizers' Attacks carried out in the first half of 2025:**

**On January 3, 2025,** several citizens were injured, and vehicles were burned in an attack by colonizers on the village of Silwad, east of Ramallah. As a result of this attack, nine residents of Silwad sustained injuries, including bruises, fractures, and head wounds. The colonizers used of sticks, stones, and iron bars and opened fire in full view of the Israeli occupation forces. Additionally, they set fire to eight vehicles in the area, including an agricultural tractor and two trucks. The fire also caused the burning of several olive trees.



**On January 19, 2025:** Colonizers set fire to and vandalized several citizens' vehicles and blocked multiple roads and major intersections in the West Bank, under the protection of Israeli occupation forces. Dozens of colonizers gathered on the main road near the town of Turmus Ayya, north of the Ramallah and Al-Bireh governorate, where they attacked citizens' vehicles and blocked the road, forcing drivers to take alternative routes. They also attacked vehicles with



stones and Molotov cocktails near the Ain Siniya military checkpoint, which is built on citizens' lands north of Ramallah. This resulted in the burning of four vehicles and material damage to two others. Additionally, they set fire to a room at the entrance of a house in the town of Ain Siniya, belonging to Citizen Dheeb Sharaka. The colonizers also launched a violent attack on the town of Sinjil, north of Ramallah. They attempted to set fire to two houses and a zinc equipment storage unit, in addition to burning four vehicles, one of which was loaded with cooking gas cylinders. They also threw stones at two homes, resulting in dozens of injuries,

including burns, suffocation, and fractures. Moreover, they obstructed the movement of an ambulance transporting an 85-year-old elderly man suffering from suffocation due to the fire. The injured were taken to the Sinjil Medical Complex, where medical staff treated three cases of fractures, one case of bruising, a moderate facial burn, and three cases of suffocation. Additionally, dozens of other cases were treated on-site.

**On January 20, 2025:** Several citizens were injured, and vehicles, commercial establishments, and parts of homes were set on fire in a colonizer attack—carried out under the protection of occupation forces—on the villages of Jinsafut and Al-Funduq, east of Qalqilia. Colonizers set fire to parts of homes,



a nursery, a carpentry workshop located on the main Qalqilia-Nablus road, vehicles, and a bulldozer. Additionally, a citizen sustained a head injury while confronting the colonizers. The Palestinian Red Crescent reported that its teams treated 21 injuries in Al-Funduq, including 12 cases of severe physical assault and 9 cases of tear gas inhalation.

**On February 13, 2025,** a group of colonizers, led by the extremist minister Itamar Ben Gvir, who had previously resigned from the Israeli occupation government, attacked citizens' lands in the village of “Al-Minya”, located east of Bethlehem. They targeted various areas, including "Al-Hajjar," "Wadi Al-Abyad," "Al-Tina," and "Fateh Sadra," where they began planting olive seedlings in the Al-Minya desert. The targeted land, which was estimated to cover hundreds of dunams, is classified as a nature reserve within Area B. Additionally, escalated their attacks on the village of Al-Minya, by seizing wheat and barley crops and attacking farmers and

shepherds, in an attempt to displace citizens from their lands and seize them for colonial expansion.

**On February 14, 2025,** 15 citizens were injured with fractures and wounds in a colonizers' attack in “Al-Minya” desert, east of Bethlehem. The colonizers attacked citizens in “Al-Hijaz”, “Wadi Al-Abyad”, and “Fateh Sadrah” areas of the desert with sticks, rifle butts, tear gas, and pepper spray. As a result, fifteen citizens from Al-Shalaldeh family suffered suffocation, fractures, and wounds throughout their bodies. Five of them were taken to the hospital. The colonizers also set fire to two vehicles, destroyed several other vehicles and solar panels, and vandalized the contents of tents and barracks in the area.



**On February 15, 2025,** a group of terrorist colonizers set fire to tents and attacked vehicles with stones in al “Minya” desert, located southeast of Bethlehem. They burned four tents in “Al-Hajjar” and Wadi Al-Abyad areas,

belonging citizens from al Shalaldeh and Tarwa families. Additionally, they targeted waste transport vehicles with stones near the landfill in Minya, causing damage to one of the vehicles.

**On March 11, 2025**, colonizers attacked the brothers “Ghanim and Muhammad Eid Zawahra” in "Al-Maytah" area of the Jordan Valley, located east of the West Bank. The brothers narrowly escaped death after being brutally assaulted while herding sheep. They were severely beaten on the head, resulting in serious injuries. Ghanim Zawahra suffered a broken hand, along with multiple severe wounds and bruises all over their bodies.



**On March 14, 2025**, a group of colonizers, protected by the Israeli occupation army, launched a brutal attack on “Khirbet al-Marajim”, located east of Duma, which is southeast of Nablus. They targeted citizens and their properties, and set fire to their property. As a result, three homes were burned down, belonging to Khaled Daoud, Naseem Muslim, and Nayeq Muslim. Additionally, two vehicles owned by Nayef Muslim were also destroyed due to this attack.



**On April 1, 2025**, more than 300 colonizers attacked the village of Duma, located south of Nablus, under the protection of the Israeli occupation army. The attack caused a significant damage and injuries among the residents. It included the partial burning of the cars belonging to Ibrahim Dawabsheh and Ibrahim Abdel Razek Dawabsheh, the complete burning of Muhammad Abdel Razek Asaad's vehicle, and damage to parts of Muhammad

Yusuf's house. Additionally, three young men from the village, Ibrahim Fathi, Azhar Najeh, and the child Abdul Rahman Shalabi, were injured. Many others suffered from suffocation due to tear gas canisters. Furthermore, the village's electricity network was also targeted during the incident.

**On April 18, 2025**, a group of colonizers uprooted hundreds of olive trees and bulldozed approximately 2,000 dunams of Palestinian land in the village of Umm Safa, located northwest of Ramallah. They uprooted at least 500 perennial olive trees and paved a dirt road in the southern part of the village, connecting the colonies of “Halamish” to the west and “Ateret” to the east. In addition, on April 20, 2025, the colonizers began bulldozing additional areas of Palestinian land between the villages of Deir Sudan and Umm Safa to the north. Furthermore, in the area of “al-Ras” mountain, east of Umm Safa, they uprooted 300 olive and grape trees before advancing to the northern area to expand the colonial outpost they had established there.

**On April 18, 2025**, a group of colonizers attacked the citizen “Saeed Al-Amour” in Khirbet Al-Rakeez, located in Masafer Yatta, shooting him in the foot. As a result of the injury, his foot was amputated, and he is currently in detention. His 15-year-old son, Elias, was also arrested during this incident. In addition, the colonizers installed water pipes and lines on Saeed's land under the protection of the Israeli occupying army, intending to seize his land.



**On April 27, 2025,** a group of colonizers destroyed “Zanuta School”, a challenge school, located east of Adh Dhahiriya, south of Hebron. They vandalized the school’s renovations, which had been completed with the participation of the village council and residents. The colonizers stole iron classroom doors, blackboards, and classroom partitions before ultimately destroying the school.



**April 27, 2025:** a group of colonizers , under the protection of the Israeli occupation army, closed the entrance to Al-Auja community north of Jericho. They set up roadblocks at the entrance of the community, blocked citizens' vehicles, prevented them from passing, and isolated the community from its surroundings.

**On May 3, 2025,** a group of colonizers vandalized and stole a four-kilometer-long water pipeline that supplies several communities in the northern Jordan Valley. Additionally, they released their cows to graze on the rain-fed crops of local citizens, which were nearing harvest.



**On May 18, 2025,** a group of colonizers set fire to large areas of land in the town of Duma, located south of Nablus. The fire spread extensively. As a result, about 70 dunams of land were scorched, including approximately 450 olive trees, some of

which were around 50 years old, along with 130 olive trees that were about 30 years old. Additionally, several fruit trees approximately 30 years old were burned, including 17 pistachio trees, 30 pine trees, 15 pomegranate trees, 40 fig trees, and 16 carob trees. Fortunately, Civil Defense crews were able to extinguish and control the fire.

**On May 19, 2025,** a group of armed colonizers, from the so-called “Adurin” set fire to fruit trees and agricultural crops in “Khallet al-Forn”, located in the village of Birin, east of Hebron. They burned grapevines, almond trees, olive trees, and citrus trees. The fire spread to over 70 dunams of land planted with barley, clover, and other crops, belonging to families of “Da'na”, “Aldik”, and “Hanjouri”.



**On May 22, 2025,** Palestinian families in “Maghyer al-Deir” community, located between the towns of Deir Dibwan and Mukhamas east of Ramallah, were forced to evacuate their homes due to increasing colonial attacks in the

area. These attacks have occurred under the protection of Israeli occupation forces. The situation has escalated as colonizers closed the pastures off, stormed homes, assaulted women and children, seized agricultural vehicles and tractors, stole livestock, and established a colonial outpost within the community. This community is considered a home to 25 Palestinian families, of 124 individuals.



**On May 22, 2025,** a group of colonizers attacked the town of Bruqin, located west of Salfit, set fire to homes and vehicles belonging to residents on the outskirts of the town. The Palestinian Red Crescent Society reported that their teams dealt with eight individuals for burn injuries

sustained during the attack. The colonizers, who launched their attack under the protection of the Israeli army, burned about five homes and five vehicles belong to local citizens. They also threw stones at residents' homes, creating a state of panic among women and children. The damage to properties ranged from complete destruction to partial harm.

**On May 24, 2025,** a group of colonizers from the so-called “Shavei Shomron” colony and a newly established colonial outpost, burned about 40 dunams of wheat crops in the town of Sebastia, located northwest of Nablus. They set fire to a land belongs to the local farmers “Muhammad Basil Muhaibish” and “Mufid Rashid Shihab”. The fire completely destroyed the wheat crop, resulting in significant losses for both farmers.



**On May 24, 2025,** a group of colonizers, under the protection of Israeli occupation forces, attacked the homes of citizens in “Kisan” wilderness, vandalizing their belongings and throwing stones. Teams from the Palestinian Red Crescent Society dealt with seven

individuals for bruises resulting from this attack. Additionally, the Israeli occupation forces fired sound bombs and tear gas at the citizens, resulting in several people suffering from suffocation. The colonizers further prevented ambulances and medical crews from reaching the site to treat the injured. They also slaughtered a number of sheep with knives and injured others by throwing stones at them. They vandalized several vehicles during the attack as well.

**On May 26, 2025,** hundreds of colonizers stormed Al-Aqsa Mosque Squares under the protection of Israeli occupation forces. Among them were the extremist minister Itamar Ben-Gvir and his wife, Bezalel Smotrich, along with other members of the Knesset, commemorating what they refer to as “the occupation of the eastern part of Jerusalem”. They performed provocative Talmudic rituals in the courtyards, while a settler raised the occupation flag and



danced with it in the eastern part of Al-Aqsa. This event coincided with the deployment of iron barriers by the occupation police around Damascus Gate and the Old City, which were intended to restrict access for Jerusalem residents amid strict

military measures. . The colonizers also attempted to bring so-called "Torah scrolls" into the Al-Aqsa Mosque through al Mughrabi Gate. Additionally, hundreds of them gathered in Al-Buraq Square, located to the west of the mosque, and at the Cotton Merchants' Gate, where they performed Talmudic dances and rituals. The Extremist Knesset member "Moshe Feiglin" awarded a medal to a retired occupation soldier who had participated in the occupation of Jerusalem at this site. It is noteworthy that the provocative "Flag March" began at Al-Buraq Square, passing through Damascus Gate and Al-Wad neighborhood within the Old City, which are areas densely populated with Palestinian residents.



**On June 4, 2025**, an attack by colonizers on the town of Deir Dibwan, east of Ramallah, left ten citizens injured. This brutal attack targeted homes, setting ablaze three residences and devastating "Abu Shahada Estate" at the western entrance of the town. They also targeted several vehicles, horse pens, and sheep pens. Citizens were besieged inside their homes, preventing young men, ambulances, and fire engines from accessing the area. Additionally, the colonizers threw stones at passing vehicles on the main road adjacent to the town. Of the ten injured citizens, two were transported to the hospital, while the others received treatment at a local medical center.

**On June 4, 2025**, a group of colonizers launched an attack on the Armenian monastery and other Christian holy sites during their incursion into the Armenian neighborhood of the Old City in occupied Jerusalem. They desecrated the monastery, spitting on its crosses and holy symbols. This incident



highlights the increasing violations against both Christian and Islamic holy sites in the city.



**On June 17, 2025**, a citizen was injured after being attacked by colonizers in Masafer Yatta, located south of Hebron. A group of colonizers from the so-called "Susya" colony, which is established on Masafer lands, assaulted the citizen "Imran Ismail al-Nawaj'a", causing head injuries. He was later transferred to Yatta Governmental Hospital for treatment.

On June 19, 2025, Muhammad Ahmad Mahmoud Al-Hour, a 48-year-old citizen, was tragically martyred, and eight others were injured, one of them seriously, by gunfire from colonizers in Surif, Hebron. A group of colonizers, were under the protection of Israeli occupation forces, opened fire with live ammunition on citizens in the Al-Qurainat area. This occurred while the citizens were attempting to extinguish a fire that had been started by the colonizers on their land. This led to the martyrdom of a citizen, and the injury of eight others, including one seriously. Some of the injured were transferred to nearby hospitals for treatment.



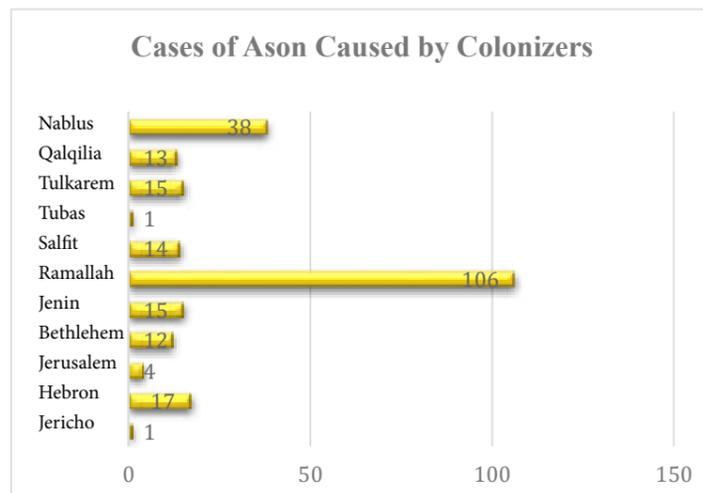
**On June 25, 2025**, three citizens, Lutfi Sabri Ba'irat, Murshid Nawaf Hamayel, and Muhammad Qaher Mustafa al-Naji, were martyred, and seven others sustained injuries

from live bullets during an attack by colonizers on the town of Kafr Malik, located east of Ramallah. Dozens of colonizers attacked Kafr Malik, setting fire to vehicles and homes. Residents of the town and neighboring villages attempted to defend themselves against the attack. Reports indicate that the Israeli occupation forces provided protection to the colonizers, fired live bullets at the citizens, and prevented ambulances from accessing the area to transport the injured.



**Arson Attacks by colonizers in the first half of 2025:**

In the first half of 2025, the Israeli occupying army and its colonizers’ militia perpetrated 236 arson attacks. The majority of these attacks occurred in Ramallah Governorate, which experienced 106 fires. This was followed by 38 fires in Nablus Governorate and 17 fires in Hebron Governorate. Meanwhile, 15 fires were recorded in each of Tulkarm and Jenin governorates.



The arson attacks varied in their impact; there were 77 fires that affected citizens' lands, fields, and crops, while 159 fires targeted residential facilities, including apartments, buildings, vehicles, and other properties. The following table summarizes the number of arson attacks by governorate:

Governorate / Type of attack	Nablus	Qalqilia	Tulkarm	Tubas	Salfit	Ramallah	Jenin	Bethlehem	Jerusalem	Hebron	Jericho	Total
Fires affected the lands	15	1	1	-	2	50	-	3	-	5	-	77
Fires affected properties	23	12	14	1	12	56	15	9	4	12	1	159
Total	38	13	15	1	14	106	15	12	4	17	1	236

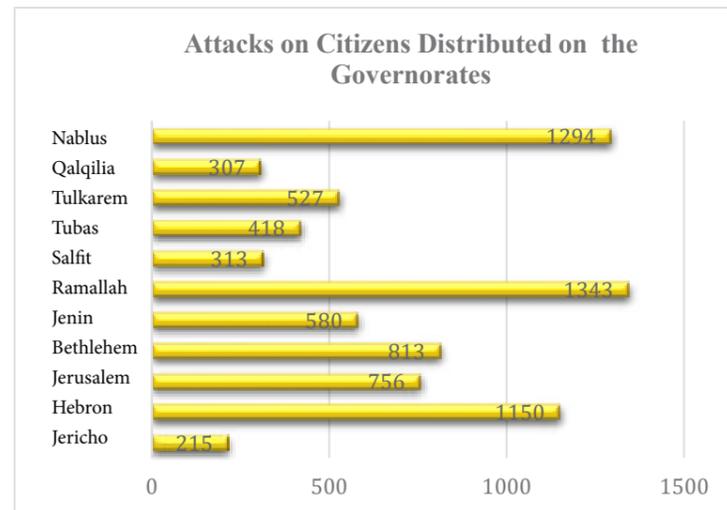
The Israeli occupation army has exploited the brutal aggression that the occupying state is waging against our people in Gaza and the West Bank. They committed numerous crimes, the most prominent of which was setting fires. These crimes clearly reflect the ongoing Israeli intent to perpetrate terrorist behaviors by instilling fear in innocent people and destroying their property. The aim is to create a coercive environment that forces those people to abandon their lands and to confine their presence to isolated and besieged “cantons.”

We recall here the tragedies of the burning of the child “Mohammed Abu Khdeir” in 2014 and the burning of the “Dawabsheh” family in 2015 by colonizers. These incidents highlight the ongoing attempts to commit further crimes and reveal the fascist ideology of these groups.

**B- Attacks on citizens:**

During the first half of 2025, the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC) documented 7716 attacks on citizens. These attacks resulted in the martyrdom of 4 citizens due to the colonizers’ attacks. Most of these attacks were concentrated in Ramallah & al Bireh Governorate which witnessed 1343 attacks, followed by Nablus Governorate which witnessed 1294 attacks. Meanwhile, there were 1150 attacks in Hebron governorate.

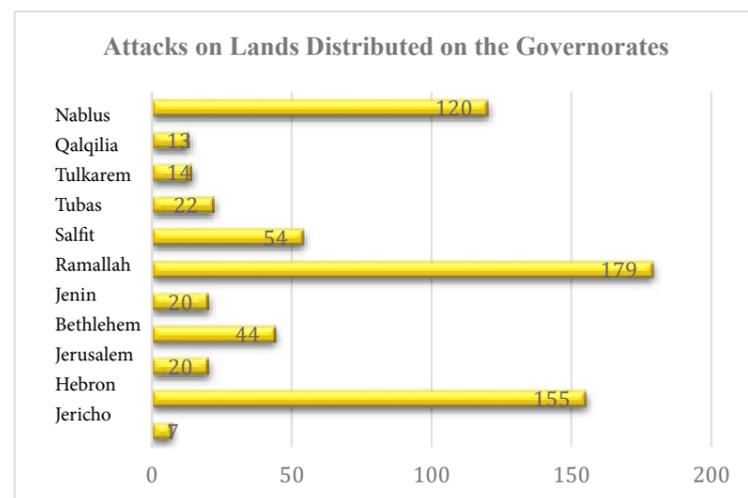
These attacks included martyrdom, shooting, arresting campaigns, shutting down checkpoints and imposing traffic restrictions on citizens. The conditions in the other governorates were equally concerning. Bethlehem Governorate experienced over 800 attacks, Jerusalem Governorate faced more than 700 attacks, and both Jenin and Tulkarm Governorates were subjected to over 500 attacks each. These attacks included martyrdom, shooting, arresting campaigns, shutting down checkpoints and imposing traffic restrictions on citizens.



### C- Attacks on Lands & Natural Resources:

In the first half of 2025, the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC) documented 648 attacks on Palestinian lands and natural resources. These attacks were concentrated in Ramallah & al Bireh Governorate which witnessed 179 attacks, followed by Hebron Governorate (155 attacks), and followed by Nablus governorate where 120 attacks were recorded. These attacks affected thousands of dunums of citizens' lands.

The reporting period, the first half of 2025, witnessed 65 colonial attempts to establish outposts on



citizens' lands, but the citizens remained steadfast and defended these attempts, the thing which prevented colonizers from establishing these outposts. In addition, the Israeli occupation forces and the colonizers carried out 159 land bulldozing operations. Most of these operations were concentrated in Nablus governorate where 38 bulldozing operations were recorded. Meanwhile, 26 bulldozing operations were carried out in Ramallah & al-Bireh governorate. In addition, there were 23 operations in Hebron.

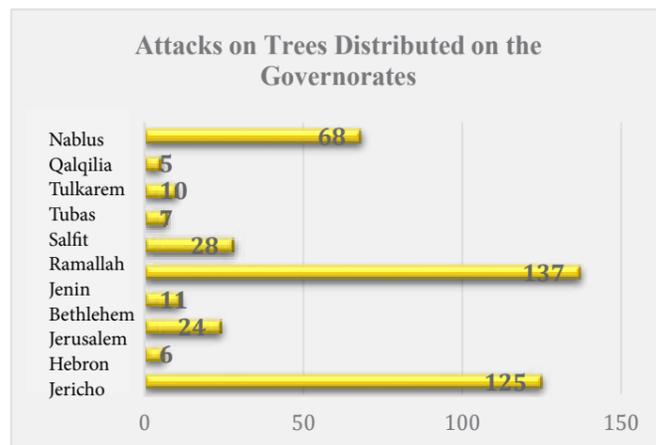
A Table highlights the number of attacks on agricultural lands and crops, distributed by governorate and type

Governorate Type of attack	Nablus	Qalqilia	Tulkarm	Tubas	Salfit	Ramallah & al- Bireh	Jenin	Bethlehem	Jerusalem	Hebron	Jericho	Total
<b>Bulldozing lands</b>	38	5	3	5	19	26	8	15	14	23	3	<b>159</b>
<b>Attempts to establish colonial outposts</b>	14	2	1	10	7	15	-	5	-	7	4	<b>65</b>
<b>Attacks on lands &amp; trees</b>	68	5	10	7	28	137	11	24	6	125	-	<b>421</b>
<b>Attacks on natural resources</b>	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	<b>3</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>648</b>

### D- Attacks on Trees and crops:

In the first half of 2025, the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC) documented 421 attacks resulting in damage of 12067 trees among

which there were 6144 olive trees. Most of these assaults were concentrated in Ramallah & al-Bireh governorate, where 137 attacks were recorded and resulted in the damage of 2282 trees, followed by Hebron governorate which was

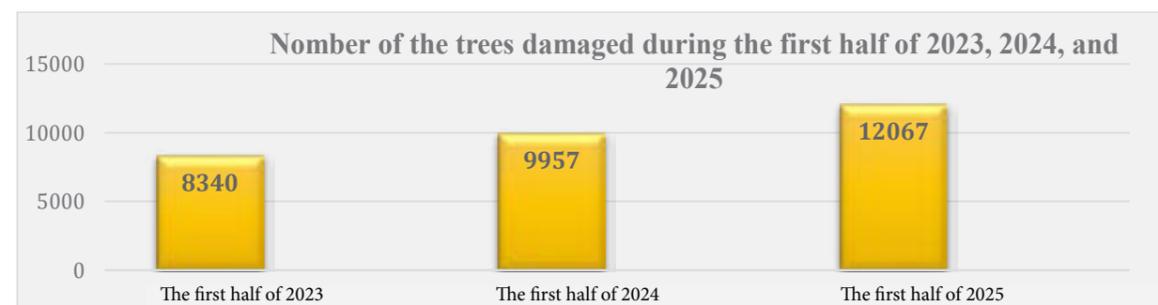


subjected to 125 attacks that resulted in the damage of 1090 trees. Meanwhile, 68 attacks were recorded in Nablus governorate and caused the damage of 1774 trees. Notably, Bethlehem Governorate witnessed the highest number of damaged trees, totaling 5,359, caused by 24 attacks.

The following table clarifies the number of the affected trees (either by uprooting, burning or damaging) in the governorates:

Governorate	Nablus	Qalqilia	Tulkarm	Tubas	Salfit	Ramallah & al Bireh	Jenin	Bethlehem	Jerusalem	Hebron	Total
No. of the affected trees	1774	200	130	-	871	2282	261	5359	100	1090	12067
No. of attacks	68	5	10	7	28	137	11	24	6	125	421

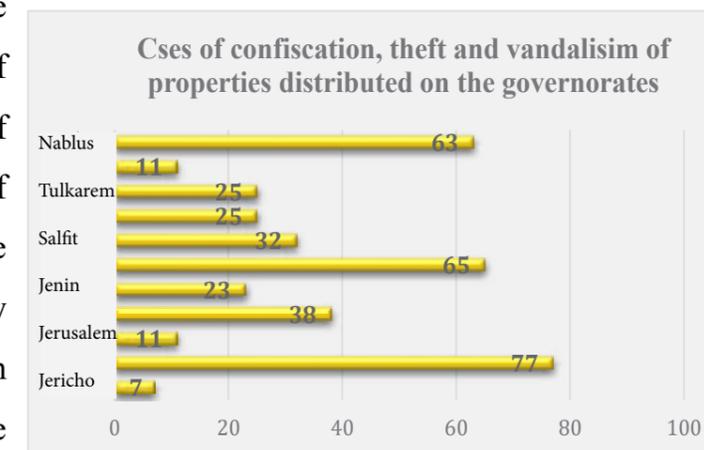
Here is a comparison of the number of trees and crops damaged during the first half of the year: 2023-2024-2025



### E- Attacks on Palestinians' Properties & Holy Places:

In the first half of 2025, the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC) documented 2916 attacks on properties. The Israeli occupation forces along with the colonial militias launched vast campaigns to confiscate, steal, and sabotage citizens' properties. These properties included mobile facilities, agricultural tractors, vehicles, bulldozers, camera recordings, agricultural tools, and money. Since the beginning of 2025, there

have been 377 incidents of confiscation and theft of property, and 1424 cases of property' vandalism. These operations were primarily reported in Hebron Governorate, where there



were 77 reported incidents of confiscation and theft, followed by Ramallah & al Bireh governorate which witnessed 65 cases of confiscation and theft. Meanwhile, 63 cases of confiscation and theft were recorded in Nablus governorate.

A table shows the distribution of the colonial attacks on properties and holy places by governorate:

Governorate	Jericho	Hebron	Jerusalem	Bethlehem	Salfit	Jenin	Ramallah	Tubas	Tulkarm	Qalqilia	Nablus	Total
Demolition	6	111	67	27	24	30	32	20	17	17	29	380
Notifications	46	145	43	54	12	20	131	15	24	49	17	556
Property Vandalism	39	268	21	94	110	181	225	48	121	68	249	1424
Confiscation & theft of Properties	7	77	11	38	32	23	65	25	25	11	63	377

<b>Attacks on holy places</b>	1	12	147	2	-	2	-	1	2	-	12	<b>179</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>613</b>	<b>289</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>453</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>2916</b>



**The Colonization and Wall Resistance Commission** : is an independent body affiliated with the Palestine Liberation Organization. It enjoys legal personality, financial, and administrative independence, and the legal capacity to undertake all actions to achieve its goals. It is currently chaired by Minister Mo'ayyad Sha'ban. The Commission aspires to a homeland free of the Annexation and Expansion Wall and colonies, a homeland that enjoys freedom and independence. It seeks to achieve this through implementing international resolutions regarding the Wall, the colonies, and the occupation, and to establish our people's right to build on their land, properties, and natural resources.